### DPA UPSCALE<sup>™</sup> ST 10 - 200 kW User Manual



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Power and productivity for a better world™



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#### 0.1 FOREWORD

The UPS System operates with mains, battery or bypass power. It contains components that carry high currents and voltages. The properly installed UPS System is grounded to earth and IP 20 rated against electrical shock and foreign objects. Installation and service have to be done by the manufacturer's qualified technicians or their authorized service partners.

### OPERATIONS INSIDE THE UPS MUST BE PERFORMED BY A SERVICE ENGINEER FROM THE MANUFACTURER OR FROM AN AGENT AUTHORIZED BY THE MANUFACTURER.

This user manual contains guidelines to check delivery, installing and commissioning of the UPS and is intended for people who plan the installation, install, commission and use or service the UPS. The reader is expected to know the fundamentals of electricity, wiring, electrical components and electrical schematic symbols

### CAREFULLY READ THE USER MANUAL BEFORE OPERATING OR WORKING ON THE UPS.

#### 0.2 DPA UPSCALE SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

In environments that demand zero downtime, continuous power protection availability is essential. In order to respond to today's dynamic IT and process-related environments that experience daily change through new server technologies, migration and centralization, resilient and easily adaptable power protection concepts are required. DPA UPScale is the foundation for continuous power protection availability of network-critical infrastructures in enterprise data centers where business continuity has paramount importance and in process control environment where manufacturing continuity is essential.

DPA UPScale's is a second generation high-power-density (HPD), leading-edge double-conversion power protection technology that has standardized on a modular component approach which helps speed deployment, improve adaptability and increase system availability while reducing total cost of ownership.

DPA UPScale's is a unique on-demand architecture that integrates the power rack, power distribution unit, back-up battery rack and monitoring and management solutions to allow easy selection of optimized configurations.

DPA UPScale's (Distributed Parallel Architecture) provides highest availability, unmatched flexibility and at the same time lowest cost of ownership in IT environments.

This Technical Specification provides detailed technical information on the mechanical, electrical and environmental performance of the DPA UPScale model types that can support to give answers to tender and enduser requirements. The DPA UPScale family was designed to respond to the most stringent safety, EMC and other important UPS standards. DPA UPScale family is offered in two types of solutions:

**DPA UPScale ST** is a rack-mounted modular design offering 5 types of Racks (Frames) types. This solution can accommodate 2 types of DPA UPScale Rack based Modules for a wide range of power requirements:

#### DPA UPScale ST (standard) frames:

- DPA UPScale ST 40 (40kW)
- DPA UPScale ST 60 (60kW)
- DPA UPScale ST 80 (80kW)
- DPA UPScale ST 120 (120kW)
- DPA UPScale ST 200 (200kW)

#### DPA UPScale Modules types:

- UPScale M 10 (10 kW)
- UPScale M 20 (20 kW)

#### Key Features of DPA UPScale ST

•	Highest Availability	Λ
	Modular, Decentralized Parallel Architecture (DPA)	

- High Power Density (up to 472 kW / m<sup>2</sup>), Small Footprint
- Unity Output Power Factor
   Full power for loads with unity PF
- Highest Efficiency even with partial loads Efficiency = 94.5 - 95.5% for loads 25-100% (depending on Module power and type of load)
- Very low input current distortion THDi THDi = < 3@ 100 % load</li>

Near-zero down time

Space-saving of expensive floor space

No de-rating for loads with Unity PF

Energy cost saving during UPS-life-cycle

Gen-set power and installation cost saving

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#### 1.1 MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS DPA UPSCALE ST

DPA UPScale	unit	ST 40	ST 60	ST 80		ST 120	ST 200	
DPA UPScale ST FRAMES								
Configuration Accommodates Maximal		2 modules (10 or 20kW) and 80 x 7/9Ah batteries	3 modules (10 or 20kW) and 240 x 7/9Ah batteries	4 modules (10 or 20kW) and NO batteries		6 modules (10 or 20kW) and NO batteries	10 modules (10 or 20kW) and NO batteries	
Max. Power connection	kW	40	60	80		120	200	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	mm	550x1135x7 70	550x1975x770	(1975x770 550x1135x770 550x1975x770				
Weight empty frame w/o modules w/o batteries	kg	92	173	82		133	174	
Weight of Frame with modules and w/o batteries	kg	130 - 136	229 - 238	157 - 169	)	245 - 263	360 - 389	
Audible noise at 1m from front, 100% / 50% Load, 20kW modules	dBA	66 / 60 <sup>1)</sup> <sup>1)</sup> approx.	66 / 60 <sup>1)</sup>	68 / 62 <sup>1)</sup>		68 / 62 <sup>1)</sup> 70 / 64 <sup>1)</sup>		
Color		Graphite grey	(Pulverlacke No. 4	422290340	2 serie	09RCCAT1)		
Module type	unit	UPScale M 10 UPScale M			le M 20			
Module rated power	kW	10 20						
Allowed nr. VRLA 12V battery blocks	No.	$20^{2} \div 50$ $30^{2} \div 50$						
Dimensions (WxHxD)	mm	488x132x540 (3 HU)						
Weight	kg	18.6 21.5						
Colors		RAL 7016 (front)						

 Colors
 RAL 7016 (front)

 <sup>2)</sup> Depending of the effective load in kW used by the module (see chapter 10.4 Battery Characteristics)

#### 1.2 SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

#### **1.2.1 GENERAL SAFETY INTRODUCTION**

The UPS System operates with mains, battery or bypass power. It contains components that carry high currents and voltages. The properly installed UPS System is grounded to earth and IP 20 rated against electrical shock and foreign objects. Installation and service have to be done by the manufacturer's qualified technicians or their authorized service partners.



#### THERE IS DANGER OF AN ELECTRICAL IMPACT

This user manual contains guidelines to check delivery, installing and commissioning of the UPS and is intended for people who plan the installation, install, commission and use or service the UPS. The reader is expected to know the fundamentals of electricity, wiring, electrical components and electrical schematic symbols



## READ THE INFORMATION, IN ORDER TO AVOID EQUIPMENT DAMAGES

#### 1.2.2 SYMBOLS, CONTROLS, AND INDICATORS

		PROTECTIVE GROUNDING TERMINAL A terminal which must be connected to earth ground prior to making any other connection to the equipment.
$\frown$		A terminal to which or from which a direct current or voltage may be applied or supplied.
Ø		This symbol indicates the word "phase".
I	ON	The principal power switch is in the "ON" position
0	OFF	The principal power switch is in the "OFF" position.
	C St	CAUTION: REFER TO MANUAL Refer to the Operator's Manual for more information
4		DANGER: RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK There is a risk of electric shock present, and you should observe associated warnings. The UPS contains high voltages.

#### **1.2.3 OPERATOR PRECAUTIONS**

The only user operations permitted are:

- Use of the LCD control panel (LCD Display) and of the Maintenance Bypass
- Start up and shut down of the UPS of the user field (excluding the commissioning start up)
- Operation of additional connectivity modules:
- SNMP adapters and their software
- Modem/GSM or Modem/Ethernet adapters and their software

The user must follow the precautions and only perform the described operations. Also in these measures the operator of the UPS System must adhere to the instructions in this manual. Any deviations from the instructions could be dangerous to the user or cause accidental load loss.

THE MANUFACTURER DOES NOT TAKE ANY RESPONSIBILITY FOR DAMAGES CAUSED THROUGH WRONG MANIPULATIONS OF THE UPS SYSTEM.

WARNING!	IT IS PROHIBITED TO REMOVE ANY SCREWS FROM THE UPS SYSTEM OR FROM THE BATTERY CABINET. THERE IS A DANGER OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK.
WARNING!	HIGH FAULT CURRENTS (LEAKAGE CURRENTS): BEFORE CONNECTING THE MAINS YOU MUST ENSURE THAT THERE IS A PROPER EARTH CONNECTION!
WARNING!	THE USER MUST DISPLAY A WARNING SHIELD ON ALL PRIMARY UPS CIRCUIT BREAKERS. THE SERVICE PERSONNEL HAS TO BE INFORMED ABOUT DANGEROUS VOLTAGES. THE WARNING PANELS MUST CONTAIN THE FOLLOWING TEXT: " BEFORE STARTING WITH THE MAINTENANCE WORK ON THE CIRCUIT BREAKERS MAKE SURE THE UPS IS ISOLATED

#### **1.2.4 ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS**

The UPS must be installed according to the recommendations in this manual. To operate the UPS at peak efficiency, your installation site should meet the environmental parameters outlined in this manual. Excessive amount of dust in the operating environment of UPS may cause damage or lead to malfunction. The UPS should be always protected from the outside weather and sunshine. If you intend to operate the system at an altitude higher than 1000 meters, contact your local sales or service office for important information about high altitude operation. The operating environment must meet the weight, airflow, size and clearance requirements specified in the technical datasheet.

Under no circumstances the UPS should be installed in an airtight room, in the presence of flammable gases, or in an environment exceeding the specification.

The basic environmental requirements of the UPS system are:

•	Ambient Temperature Range:	0 to +40°C	(32 – 104°F)
•	Recommended Operating Range:	+20 to +25°C	(68 – 77°F)
•	Maximum Relative Humidity:	95% (non-cond	ensing)

The UPS cabinet uses forced air cooling to regulate internal component temperature. Air inlets are in the bottom sides and front of the cabinet, and outlets in the rear of the cabinet. You must allow clearance in back of the cabinet for proper air circulation. Refer to Section 1, <u>6.2.2 POSITIONING</u> for clearance requirements.

#### 1.2.5 DECLARATION OF SAFETY CONFORMITY AND CE MARKING

The product has the CE marking in compliance with the following European directives:

- Low Voltage Directive: 2006/95/EC
- EMC Directive: 2004/108/EC

Declaration of conformity with UPS harmonized standards and directives EN 62040-1-1 (Safety) and EN 62040-2 (EMC) are available in the annex 1

	Product Standards	Standards
Safety Standard:	IEC/EN 62040-1	IEC/EN 60950-1
Electromagnetic Compatibility Standard (EMC):	IEC/EN 62040-2	IEC/EN 61000-6-2 IEC/EN 61000-6-4 IEC/EN 61000-4-2 IEC/EN 61000-4-3 IEC/EN 61000-4-4 IEC/EN 61000-4-5 IEC/EN 61000-4-6
Performance Standard:	IEC/EN 62040-3	

#### **1.2.6 INQUIRIES**

Address inquiries about the UPS and battery cabinet to the local office or agent authorized by the manufacturer. Please note the type code and the serial number of the equipment and contact your nearest agent authorized by the manufacturer (<u>www.newavenergy.com</u> under Resellers).

The Code and the serial no. are shown on the nameplate see Section 1, 1.5.4 Nameplate and Identification

#### 1.3 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The product described in this manual is a transformerless Uninterruptible Power System (UPS). It is a true online, continuous duty, double conversion, solid state, three-phase system, providing conditioned and uninterruptible AC power to protect the customer's load from all nine power failures.

#### **1.3.1 GENERAL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION**

The UPS's are used to protect sensitive equipment and prevent loss of valuable electronic information, minimise equipment downtime, and minimise the adverse effect on production equipment due to unexpected power problems.

The UPS system continually monitors incoming electrical power and removes the surges, spikes, sags, and other irregularities that are inherent in commercial utility power. Working with a building's electrical system, the UPS system supplies clean, consistent power that sensitive electronic equipment requires for reliable operation. During brownouts, blackouts, and other power interruptions, batteries provide emergency power to safeguard operation.

The UPS system is housed in single freestanding cabinets. The cabinets line up and match in style and colour, and have safety shields behind the doors for hazardous voltage protection.

#### 1.3.1.1 Feature : Unique "Safe-Swappable" Modules

The unique Safe-Swappable feature of the Modules indicates the ability to insert and extract the electronic/power modules from a larger assembly while it is powered (hot). The safe-swappable design allows live powered modules to be attached to and removed from a powered set without causing disturbance to the operation of the load and without need to go to bypass.

#### 1.3.1.2 Feature : Advanced-Booster Technology

Traditional input THD filters are no longer needed with this UPS product. The build-in advanced booster technology of UPS modules provides perfect sinusoidal input power quality at 0.99 input power factor with harmonic content less than 3% THD(i). This leads to more reliable total system operation and savings in generator and transformer sizing as losses in the windings are minimised.

Due to the active front booster, regulating each individual phase, the UPS is comparable to a clean resistor load (unity) from the mains perspective. Thus, the high input power factor provides minimised cabling and fusing costs due to no reactive power consumption. The low harmonic currents are due to high input power factor and provide the benefits:

- No additional losses in wires and cables
- No extra heating of transformers and generators with shortened service life
- No over sizing of generators
- No false circuit breaker tripping and malfunction
- No erratic operation of computers, telecommunication, monitors, electronic test equipment etc.
- No Resonance with power factor correction capacitors

#### 1.3.1.3 Feature : Flexible Battery Management (FBM)

The Flexible Battery Management (FBM) has been designed in all NEWAVE UPS products with the goal to avoid the deterioration of battery age. The FBM – Key Features protect the battery from environmental negative impacts (high temperature and false manipulations) and avoid deterioration of battery life by advanced management of battery charging and preventive failure diagnostics. The implemented features result in benefits not only for the end user, but also to the environmental benefits. Last but not least a well protected and managed battery is a healthy battery and hence it enhance the overall availability of the UPS system.

The major benefits are:

- AC-Ripple free battery charging due to DC-DC charger separated from the rectifier and inverter
- Wide range of number of battery blocks (30-50 blocks of 12V; depending autonomy times)
- UPS'S wide input voltage window tolerance extends the battery life due to less discharge cycles
- Battery discharge protection caused by load jumps
- Proactive battery protection from false manipulations and inadequate charging voltages
- Proactive battery failure detection thanks to Advanced Battery Diagnosis (ABD) Algorithm
- User selectable battery tests
- Optional temperature compensated charging to enhance battery life

Hence, the function of FBM system is to prolong the battery life considerably compared to traditional systems. In a traditional online UPS the inverter also causes ripple-current to be fed to batteries causing corrosion.

#### 1.3.1.4 Feature : DPA Technology - Decentralized Parallel Architecture

The UPS product features DPA paralleling technology that provides N+X redundancy without introducing a singlepoint-of-failure. The products utilizing the DPA technology are completely autonomous be means of individual Power Units, Bypasses, CPU's, Control Panels and separate battery configuration for each single module.

The DPA technology makes it more reliable than traditional paralleling techniques. A parallel UPS system means the linking together of two or more UPS units in parallel so that in the unlikely event one fails the other can automatically take up the load. Traditionally a parallel redundancy configuration is achieved by having a random or fixed master-slave relationship among the UPS units. This master logic gives out individual commands to all the slaves units. Unfortunately this can lead to a single-point-of-failure for the whole system because if the master logic or communication to slaves fails, and causes the whole UPS system to be in trouble.

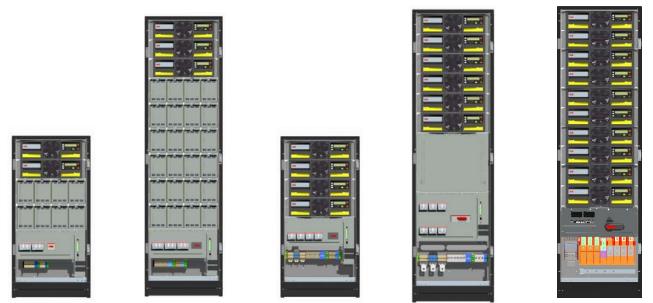
The DPA technology was developed as a Multi-Master logic concept with separated independent regulation and logic buses to allow parallel capacity system and to maintain the highest system availability. An industry leading paralleling technology in its own right, the DPA technology enables you to set up a parallel redundant system giving you 100% conditioned power at all times. Its unique decentralized design eliminates the system level single point of failure inherent in traditional parallel UPS, and exponentially increases the reliability of the overall system.

DPA UPScale ST technology allows up to six UPS modules to cover the same load in parallel and redundant configuration. No vulnerable master logic is needed in this design. It provides automatic load sharing and module level redundancy with nothing other than the power connecting to the DPA UPScale ST<sup>TM</sup> version of UPS modules.

#### 1.3.2 DPA UPSCALE ST<sup>™</sup> BASIC SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

The UPS system is housed in single freestanding cabinets. The cabinets line up and match in style and colour, and have safety shields behind the doors for hazardous voltage protection.

The following basic UPS systems configurations are available:



DPA UPScale ST40 **DPA UPScale ST60** 

DPA UPScale ST80 DPA UPScale ST120 DPA UPScaleST200

#### **1.3.3 QUALITY STANDARDS AND UPS CLASSIFICATION CODE**

The DPA UPScale <sup>™</sup> will provide your critical equipment with a steady and reliable power supply for many years.

The unique and modular UPS DPA UPScale <sup>TM</sup> belongs to the newest generation of midrange 3-phase UPS-Systems. High reliability, low operating cost and excellent electrical performance are only some of the highlights of this innovative UPS solution.

The criteria and methods implemented at NEWAVE SA for the design and manufacture correspond to the most stringent quality standards.

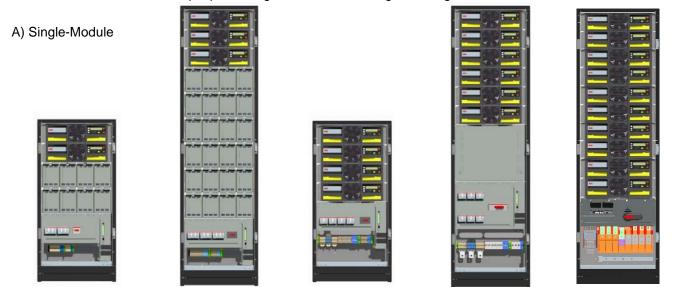
NEWAVE is certified successfully in every areas according to the model of the International Standard ISO 9001/EN 29001. The Certification of UPS with the operating performance according to the Norm IEC 62 040-3 and VDE 0558 Part 530 is accomplished.

With it the NEWAVE UPS has the Classification Code VFI-SS-111.

	Product Standards	Standards
Safety Standard:	IEC/EN 62040-1	IEC/EN 60950-1
Electromagnetic Compatibility Standard (EMC):	IEC/EN 62040-2	IEC/EN 61000-6-2 IEC/EN 61000-6-4 IEC/EN 61000-4-2 IEC/EN 61000-4-3 IEC/EN 61000-4-4 IEC/EN 61000-4-5 IEC/EN 61000-4-6
Performance Standard:	IEC/EN 62040-3	

#### **1.3.4 SINGLE/PARALLEL-MODULES OPERATION**

The DPA UPScale <sup>TM</sup> has unique paralleling features. We distinguish: Single or Parallel-Modules



DPA UPScale ST40

DPA UPScale ST60

DPA UPScale ST80 DPA UPScale ST120

DPA UPScaleST200

If a configuration consists of one single Module it is defined as a Single-Module Configuration even being in different cabinets like UPScale ST-40, UPScale ST-60, UPScale ST-80, UPScale ST-120, UPScale ST-200 with a single Module.

B) Parallel-Module:



DPA UPScale ST-60

A Parallel-Module is a Module that is operating in parallel with other equivalent Modules, but still within the same cabinet (e.g. DPA-UPScale ST 60) using the DPA technology.

#### 1.4 DELIVERY - TRANSPORT - STORAGE

#### **1.4.1 INTRODUCTION**

This chapter contains all the necessary information for the correct unpacking, positioning, cabling and installation of the UPS

The UPS and accessories are delivered on a specifically designed pallet that is easy to move with a forklift or a pallet jack. Keep the UPS always in upright position and do not drop the equipment. Do not either stack the pallets because of high-energy batteries involved and the heavy weight

IF THE UPS IS NOT IMMEDIATELY INSTALLED THE FOLLOWING GUIDELINES MUST BE FOLLOWED:					
TRANSPORT:					
UPS CABINETS AND/OR BATTERY CABINET CAN FALL OVER. USE THE SHIPPING BRACKETS ON THE REAR AND FRONT TO SECURE THE CABINETS. DO NOT TILT THEM MORE THAN 10° FROM VERTICAL, OTHERWISE CABINETS MAY TIP OVER.					
POTENTIAL DANGERS:					
<ul> <li>TILTING THE CABINET MIGHT DAMAGE THE SYSTEM AND THEREFORE SHOULD NO LONGER BE CONNECTED TO THE MAINS.</li> <li>WEIGHT OF THE UPS SYSTEM COULD CAUSE SERIOUS INJURIES TO PERSONS OR ANYTHING IN THE SURROUNDING AREA.</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li><u>STORAGE:</u></li> <li>THE UPS SHOULD BE STORED IN THE ORIGINAL PACKING AND SHIPPING CARTON</li> <li>THE RECOMMENDED STORING TEMPERATURE FOR THE UPS SYSTEM AND BATTERIES IS BETWEEN +20 °C AND +25°C.</li> <li>THE UPS SYSTEM AND THE BATTERIE SETS MUST BE PROTECTED FROM HUMIDITY &lt; 95% (NON-CONDENSING)</li> </ul>					

#### 1.4.2 RECEIPT OF THE UPS AND VISUAL INSPECTION

Open receiving the UPS, carefully examine the packing container and the UPS for any sign of physical damage. The outside 'Tip&Tel' ("FRAGILE" and "ARROW") indicator should be intact if the equipment has been transported in the upright position. In case of rupture or suspect inform immediately:

- The carrier and
- NEWAVE SA.

Ensure that the received UPS corresponds to the material indicated in the delivery note.

The packing container of the **UPS** protects it from mechanical and environmental damage. To increase its protection the UPS is wrapped with a plastic sheet.



VISIBLE TRANSPORT DAMAGES MUST BE CLAIMED TO THE CARRIER IMMEDIATELY AFTER RECEIPT !!

OTHER CLAIM FOR SHIPPING DAMAGE MUST BE FILED IMMEDIATELY TOO AND THE CARRIER MUST BE INFORMED WITHIN 7 DAYS OF RECEIPT OF THE EQUIPMENT. THE PACKING MATERIALS SHOULD BE STORED FOR FURTHER INVESTIGATION.

#### 1.4.3 UNPACKING

Unpack the equipment by removing the packing and shipping materials. Make a visual inspection and check that 'Tip&Tel' indicator ("FRAGILE" and "ARROW") on the packing container is intact.

Perform the following steps to unpack the UPS equipment from the pallet and make sure that the floor surface is solid and suitable for the wheeling and heavy weight:

- (1) Examine the UPS for any sign of damage. Notify your carrier or supplier immediately if damage is apparent;
- (2) Remove the plastic cover from the UPS;
- (3) Remove pallet from the UPS;
- (4) Open the UPS-door and make sure that all the UPS-Modules are appropriately fitted in their UPS-Compartment and if the UPS system is provided.

Without a UPS-module <u>make sure that the empty UPS-compartment is correctly covered with the UPS-compartment protection cover.</u>

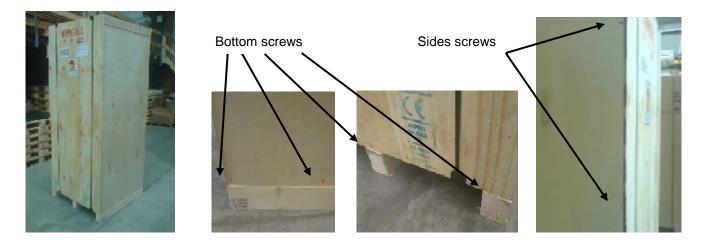








By unpacking the equipment from the wooden case remove all screws.



#### 1.4.4 NAMEPLATE AND IDENTIFICATION

The technical specifications of the Equipment are provided on the nameplate, which is situated at the front of the UPS. Check if it corresponds to the purchased material mentioned in the delivery note.

Newave UPS System	CE	Input Voltage	v	Output Voltage	v	Serial No.			
ABB Group	Cale Made in Switzerland Input Freq.	Current in/out	Α	Output Power	kVA/kW	Production		_	
UPScale		Hz	Output Freq.	Hz	Date			J	

TYPE	PRODUCT DESCRIPTION	DIMENSIONS
S2Uxxx	DPA UPScale ST 40	Cabinet (550x1135x770mm)
S3Uxxx	DPA UPScale ST 60	Cabinet (550x1975x770mm)
S4Uxxx	DPA UPScale ST 80	Cabinet (550x1135x770mm)
S6Uxxx	DPA UPScale ST 120	Cabinet (550x1975x770mm)
S0Uxxx	DPA UPScale ST 200	Cabinet (550x1975x770mm)

#### **1.4.5 BATTERIES AND STORAGE**

The standard batteries of the UPS are sealed, maintenance-free batteries, mounted usually in an external battery cabinet and will typically be connected when the UPS is commissioned.

The battery life depends very much on the ambient temperature. A temperature range between +20°C and +25°C will achieve the optimum battery life.

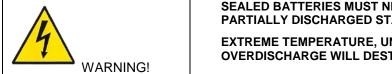
If the UPS is delivered without batteries, NEWAVE is not responsible for any damage or malfunctioning caused to the UPS by incorrect wiring.



#### 1.4.5.1 Storage of battery

The battery life depends very much on the ambient temperature. It is therefore important to follow the storage instructions/recommendations of the battery manufacturer. For long-term storage make sure that the battery is fully recharged every 6 months. Before and after storing, charge the battery.

Always store the batteries in a dry, clean, cool environment in their original packaging. If the packing container is removed protect the batteries from dust and humidity.



### SEALED BATTERIES MUST NEVER BE STORED IN A DISCHARGED OR PARTIALLY DISCHARGED STATE.

EXTREME TEMPERATURE, UNDER- AND OVERCHARGE AND OVERDISCHARGE WILL DESTROY BATTERIES!

#### 1.4.5.2 Storage of UPS

If you plan to store the UPS prior to use, keep the UPS unpacked in a dry, clean and cool storage room with an ambient temperature between (-25°C to +70°C) and humidity of less than 95% non-condensing.

If the packing container is removed protect the UPS from dust.



THE UPS SYSTEM, THE BATTERY CABINET AND THE BATTERIES ARE HEAVY AND MAY TIP DURING TRANSPORTATION CAUSING SERIOUS INJURY IF UNPACKING INSTRUCTIONS ARE NOT CLOSELY FOLLOWED.

#### 1.5 SITE PLANNING AND POSITIONING

#### 1.5.1 PLANNING BEFORE THE INSTALLATION

The equipment must be installed and transported in a upright position. The equipment requires space to bottom/front and back to enable cooling airflow. It is required to arrange ventilation of the UPS room.

All parts of the UPS for service and user access are accessible from the front and rear, making it a service-friendly and maintenance-friendly UPS. Reserve enough space from the front (min. 600 mm)

The UPS should be located where:

- Humidity (< 95 % non-condensing) and temperature (+20°C and +25°C ) are within prescribed limits
- Fire protection standards are respected
- Cabling can be performed easily
- Available front accessibility for service or periodic maintenance
- Requested air cooling flow should be granted
- The air conditioning system should have sufficient amount of air cooling needed to keep the max. room temperature rise at desired level:
- Dust or corrosive/explosive gases must be absent
- The place is vibration free
- Only front access is necessary for service and maintenance.
- If the UPS will be installed in bayed enclosures, partition walls have to be installed as well.

An ambient temperature of + 20 to 25 Celsius degrees is recommended to achieve a long life of the UPS and batteries. The cooling air entering the UPS must not exceed +40 °C. Avoid high ambient temperature, moisture and humidity. The floor material should be non-flammable and strong enough to support the heavy load.

#### 1.5.2 POSITIONING OF UPS AND BATTERY CABINET

#### 1.5.2.1 Final Transport

Check before transporting the surface loading and use a adequate forklift to move the equipment to the final position.

Weights see section 1 on pages 2 and 3

Fig. 3.6.3 Floor surface must support loading



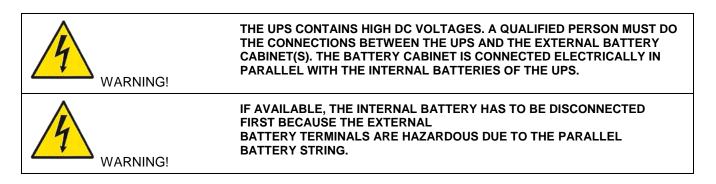


#### 1.5.2.2 Positioning

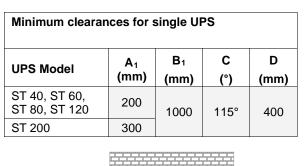
**UPS**: Minimal clearances according to the table below, are recommended for proper cooling as the air enters at bottom/front and exits at unit rear (see Fig. 1 and 2).

**External Battery :** If external battery are needed it is recommended to install external battery cabinet(s) next to the UPS unit. The external battery can be placed on either side of the UPS unit, but it is recommended to install on left hand side.

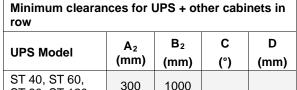
Check before the installation that the battery voltage values in the ID card of in the Display settings of the UPS and external battery cabinets are the same.



**Battery Racks :** External battery racks shall be sized to take the voltage drop in the cable into account. To obtain support and help contact the local office or agent authorized by the manufacturer.



#### A<sub>1</sub> D top clearance UPS is only needed if Cabinet there is no side clearance. С door B opening



1000

300

115°

400

ST 80, ST 120

ST 200

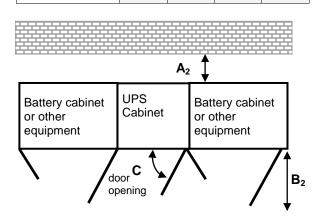


Figure 1: top view and indication of the minimum clearances for single UPS.

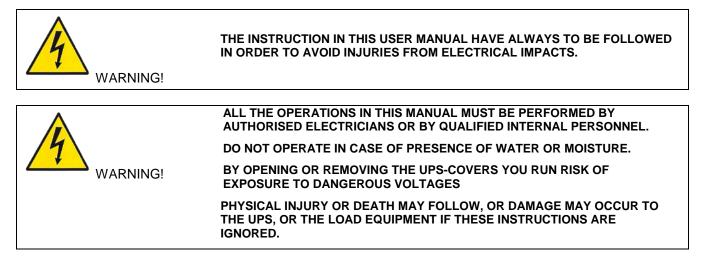
Figure 2: top view and indication of the minimum clearances for UPS + other cabinets in row .

The model ST 200 has fuses at the rear side of the cabinet. To guarantee access to those fuses and proper operating space up to 1000mm clearance may be needed when having UPS and other cabinets in row.

Clearances needed to allow proper airflow on the UPS system and to allow door opening.

#### 1.6 ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

The customer has to supply the wiring to connect the UPS to the local power source see Section 2, chapter 1.1. The electrical installation procedure is described in the following text. The installation inspection and initial start up of the UPS and extra battery cabinet must be carried out by a qualified service personnel such as a licensed service engineer from the manufacturer or from an agent authorised by the manufacturer.



To ensure correct operation of the UPS and its ancillary equipment it is necessary to provide the mains cables with appropriate fuse protection. <u>See Section 2, chapter 2.1.2</u>

The UPS unit has the following power connections:

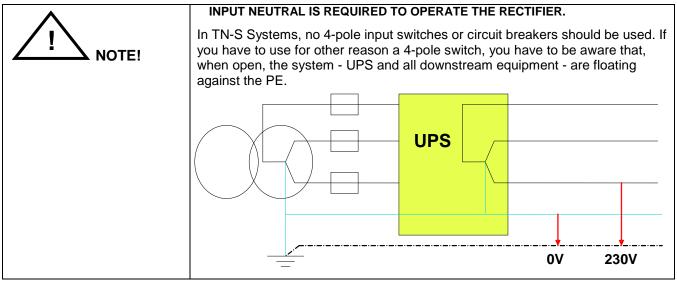
**Rectifier (In)**: Three-phase (1L1, 1L2, 1L3), Neutral (1N) and protective earth (PE) connection for the *rectifier input* 

Bypass (In) : Three-phase (2L1, 2L2, 2L3), Neutral (2N) connection for the *bypass if used as Dual Feed input* 

Load (Out) : Three-phase (3L1, 3L2, 3L3), Neutral (3N) and protective earth (PE) connection for the *load output* 

```
External Battery : Plus (+), Common (N), Minus (-) and protective earth (PE)
```

connection for the external batteries



#### **1.6.1 PREPARATION FOR THE INPUT CABLING**



Before proceeding read the chapter <u>ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION</u> (SECTION 1) and insure before starting connecting the cable to the UPS that:

- Mains voltage (INPUT VOLTS) and frequency (FREQUENCY) correspond to the values indicated on the Nameplate of the UPS.
- Earth connection is performed in accordance with the prescribed IEC Standards or with local regulations;
- UPS is connected to the mains through a Low Voltage (LV)-Distribution Board with a separate mains line (protected with a circuit breaker or fuse) for the UPS.

Provide input fuses and cables according to <u>Section 2, chapter 2.1.2</u> or in accordance with the prescribed IEC Standards or with the local regulations.

The input of the UPS must be fitted with circuit breakers or other kind of protection. The circuit breakers will be connected between the mains supply and the UPS and will provide additional protection to the UPS in the event of overloads and short circuits.

#### 1.6.1.1 Mains supply and Earth connection

To ensure protection of personnel during the installation of UPS make sure that the connections are performed under the following conditions:

- No mains voltage is present
- All Loads are shut down and disconnected
- UPS is shut down and voltage-free
- UPS-Module is fitted in its correct position
- Maintenance Bypass IA1 is open and in position OFF;
- Remove Terminal cover of the UPS
- 1. Connect first the Earthing wire coming from the Low Voltage-Distribution Board to the terminal "PE".
- 2. Connect the input power cable coming from the Low Voltage-Distribution Board to the terminals of the UPS showed in <u>Section 2, chapter 2.1.2</u>
- 3. Keep the phase rotation in clock-wise sense.



#### INPUT NEUTRAL IS REQUIRED TO OPERATE THE RECTIFIER.

Under the connection terminal of the UPS there is a cable-fixing rail to ensure that the cables have been fastened properly.

**NOTE:** The **UPS** is provided with facilities for both single feed (one common input cable for rectifier and bypass) and dual feed (separate input cable for rectifier and bypass).

#### 1.6.1.2 Single Input Feed

To achieve correct Input Cabling see Drawing <u>Section 2, chapter 2.1.2</u>

For single input feed connect the mains input cable to UPS Terminal Block according to the following table:

MAINS INPUT CABLE	UPS TERMINAL
Phase L1	1L1
Phase L2	1L2
Phase L3	1L3
NEUTRAL	1N
EARTH	PE

For minimum recommended Input Cable Sections and Fuse Ratings Section 2, chapter 2.1.2

Under the connection terminal of the UPS there is a cable-fixing rail to ensure that the cables have been fastened properly.

#### 1.6.1.3 Dual Input Feed

To achieve correct input cabling see Terminal Block in Section 2, chapter 2.1.2

<u>NOTE:</u> The UPS is supplied (as standard version) with facilities for a single cable feed (for rectifier and bypass). If dual feed is required unscrew the terminal bridges between (L1,L2,L3, only)

UPS TERMINAL Rectifier	UPS TERMINAL Bypass	
1L1 🕒	● 2L1	
1L2	• 2L2	
1L3	• 2L3	
1N 🗕	<b>2</b> N	
PE 🛛 🌒		

For dual input feed connect the mains input cables to UPS Terminal according to following tables:

MAINS INPUT CABLE	UPS TERMINAL Rectifier
Phase L1	1L1
Phase L2	1L2
Phase L3	1L3
NEUTRAL	1N
EARTH	PE

BYPASS INPUT CABLE	UPS TERMINAL Bypass
Phase L1	2L1
Phase L2	2L2
Phase L3	2L3
NEUTRAL	2N

For minimum recommended Input Cable Sections and Fuse Ratings Section 2, chapter 2.1.2

Under the connection terminal of the UPS there is a cable-fixing rail to ensure that the cables have been fastened properly.

#### 1.6.1.4 Preparation for the Output Cabling

Before you start connecting the loads, ensure that the <u>sum</u> of the indicated UPS-module rated powers (OUTPUT POWER) on the nameplates (on the front side of the UPS-modules) is equal to or larger than the total load requirements.

The output of the UPS must be fitted with circuit breakers or other kind of protection. These circuit breakers will be connected between the loads and the UPS and will provide additional protection to the UPS in the event of overloads and short circuits.

These circuit breakers will enable the protection of each load separately.

The size of the circuit breakers depends on the load rating of the load sockets.

The circuit breakers must comply with the prescribed IEC Standards. It is recommended to provide a separate output distribution board for the load.

The following values should be indicated on the output distribution board:

Maximum total load rating;

Maximum load rating of the load sockets.

If a common distribution board is used (sockets for Mains and UPS voltage), ensure that on each socket there is an indication of the applied voltage ("Mains" or "UPS").

Output power cable ratings should be in accordance with the recommended cable sections and fuses ratings or in accordance with the prescribed IEC Standards or with the local regulations.

Under the connection terminal of the UPS there is a cable-fixing rail to ensure that the cables have been fastened properly.

Ensure that the earthing is performed in accordance with the prescribed IEC Standards or with the local regulations.

#### 1.6.1.5 Connection of the Load

To ensure protection of the personnel during the installation of the UPS make sure that the connections are performed under the following conditions:

No mains voltage is present;

All loads are shut down and disconnected;

PMC is shut down and voltage-free.

Before connecting the output power cables make sure that:

UPS-Module is fitted in its correct position;

Maintenance bypass is in position OFF;

Remove the terminal cover of the UPS.

Connect the output power cable coming from the LV-Distribution Board to the terminals of the UPS as shown in drawing in Section 2 / Chapter 2 (Front view of the DPA UPScale  $^{TM}$  's)

#### **1.6.2 INSTALLATION CHECKLIST**

- □ All packing materials and restraints have been removed from each cabinet.
- Each cabinet in the UPS system is placed in the installed location.
- □ All conduits and cables are properly routed to the UPS and auxiliary cabinets.
- □ All power cables are properly sized and terminated.
- □ A ground conductor is properly installed.
- □ If the cabinet does not use all module mounting locations, the provided protective covers are installed on the front and back of the cabinet.
- Battery cabinet installation instructions have been completed.
- Air conditioning equipment is installed and operating properly.
- □ The area around the installed UPS system is clean and dust-free. (It is recommended that the UPS be installed on a level floor suitable for computer or electronic equipment.
- Adequate workspace exists around the UPS and other cabinets.
- Adequate lighting is provided around all UPS equipment.
- Any optional accessories are mounted in their installed location and properly wired.
- □ Summary alarms and/or building alarms are wired appropriately. (OPTIONAL)
- □ Startup and operational checks performed by authorized service personnel.
- □ All network connections are completed.

## DPA UPSCALE<sup>™</sup> ST 10 – 200 kW Technical Specifications





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#### 10.1 DPA UPScale ST SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

In environments that demand zero downtime, continuous power protection availability is essential. In order to respond to today's dynamic IT and process-related environments that experience daily change through new server technologies, migration and centralization, resilient and easily adaptable power protection concepts are required. DPA UPScale is the foundation for continuous power protection availability of network-critical infrastructures in enterprise data centers where business continuity has paramount importance and in process control environment where manufacturing continuity is essential.

DPA UPScale's is a second generation high-power-density (HPD), leading-edge double-conversion power protection technology that has standardized on a modular component approach which helps speed deployment, improve adaptability and increase system availability while reducing total cost of ownership.

DPA UPScale's is a unique on-demand architecture that integrates the power rack, power distribution unit, back-up battery rack and monitoring and management solutions to allow easy selection of optimized configurations.

DPA UPScale's (Distributed Parallel Architecture) provides highest availability, unmatched flexibility and at the same time lowest cost of ownership in IT environments.

This Technical Specification provides detailed technical information on the mechanical, electrical and environmental performance of the DPA UPScale model types that can support to give answers to tender and enduser requirements. The DPA UPScale family was designed to respond to the most stringent safety. EMC and other important UPS standards. DPA UPScale family is offered in two types of solutions:

DPA UPScale ST is a rack-mounted modular design offering 5 types of Racks (Frames) types. This solution can accommodate 2 types of DPA UPScale Rack based Modules for a wide range of power requirements:

#### DPA UPScale ST (standard) frames:

- DPA UPScale ST 40 (40kW)
- DPA UPScale ST 60 (60kW)
- DPA UPScale ST 80 (80kW)
- DPA UPScale ST 120 (120kW)
- DPA UPScale ST 200 (200kW)

#### DPA UPScale Modules types:

- UPScale M 10 (10kW)
- UPScale M 20 (20kW)

#### Key Features of DPA UPScale ST:

•	Highest Availability Modular, Decentralized Parallel Architecture (DPA)	Near-zero down time
•	High Power Density (up to 472 kW / m <sup>2</sup> ), Small Footprint	Space-saving of expensive fl
•	Unity Output Power Factor Full power for loads with unity PF	No de-rating for loads with U
•	Highest Efficiency even with partial loads Efficiency = 94.5 - 95.5% for loads 25-100% (depending on Module power and type of load)	Energy cost saving during UF

Very low input current distortion THDi THDi =<3.0% @ 100 % load

oor space

nity PF

S-life-cycle

Gen-set power and installation cost saving

#### **10.2 TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

#### 10.2.1 MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS FRAMES AND MODULES

DPA UPScale	unit	ST 40	ST 60	ST 80	ST 120	ST 200	
DPA UPScale ST FRAMES							
Configuration		2 modules (10 or 20kW)	3 modules (10 or 20kW)	4 modules (10 or 20kW)	6 modules (10 or 20kW)	10 modules (10 or 20kW)	
Accommodates Maximal		and 80 x 7/9Ah batteries	and 240 x 7/9Ah batteries	and NO batteries	and NO batteries	and NO batteries	
Max. Power connection	kW	40	60	80	120	200	
Dimensions (WxHxD)	mm	550x1135x770	550x1975x770	550x1135x770	550x1975x770		
Weight empty frame w/o modules w/o batteries	kg	92	173	82	133	174	
Weight of Frame with modules and w/o batteries	kg	130 - 136	229 - 238	157 - 169	245 - 263	360 - 389	
Audible noise at 1m from front, 100% / 50% Load, 20kW modules	dBA	66 / 60 <sup>1)</sup> <sup>1)</sup> approx.	66 / 60 <sup>1)</sup>	68 / 62 <sup>1)</sup>	68 / 62 <sup>1)</sup>	70 / 64 <sup>1)</sup>	
Color		Graphite grey (Pulverlacke No. 4222903402 serie 09RCCAT1)					

unit	UPScale M 10	UPScale M 20		
kW	10	20		
No.	20 <sup>2)</sup> - 50	30 <sup>2)</sup> - 50		
mm	488x132x540 (3 HU)			
kg	18.6	21.5		
	RAL 7016 (front)			
	kW No. mm kg	kW       10         No.       20 <sup>2)</sup> - 50         mm       488x132x540 (3 HU)         kg       18.6		

<sup>2)</sup> Depending of the effective load in kW used by the module (see chapter 10.4 Battery Characteristics)

#### 10.3 INPUT CHARACTERISTICS

Module type	unit	UPScale M 10	UPScale M 20		
Module rated power	kW	10	20		
Nominal Input Voltage	V	3x380/220V+N, 3x400V/230V	+N, 3x415/240V+N		
Input Voltage Tolerance (ref to 3x400/230V) for Loads in %:	V	(-20%/+15%) 3x308/184 V to 3x460/264 V for <100 % load (-26%/+15%) 3x280/170 V to 3x460/264 V for < 80 % load (-35%/+15%) 3x240/150 V to 3x460/264 V for < 60 % load			
Input Frequency	Hz	35 – 70			
Input Power Factor	-	0.99 @ 100 % load			
Inrush Current	Α	max. In			
Total harmonic distortion (THDi)	%	< 4.5 < 3.0			
Max. input power with rated output power (cosphi = 1.0), rated input voltage and charged battery <b>per Module</b>	kW	10.5	21		
Max. Input Current with rated output power (cosphi = 1.0), rated input voltage and charged battery <b>per Module</b>	А	15.2	30.4		
Max. Input Power with rated output power (cosphi = 1.0), rated input voltage and discharged battery <b>per Module</b>	kW	11.5	23		
Max. Input Current with rated output power (cosphi = 1.0), rated input voltage and discharged battery <b>per Module</b>	А	16.6	33.3		

#### 10.4 BATTERY CHARACTERISTICS

Module type	unit	UPScale M 10	UPScale M 20	
Battery Type	-	Maintenance free VRLA or NiCd		
Allowed nr. VRLA 12V battery blocks	-	30 <sup>2)</sup> - 50	40 <sup>2)</sup> - 50	
Allowed nr. of 1.2V NiCd cells	-	200 <sup>2)</sup> - 500	300 <sup>2)</sup> - 500	
Maximum charging current per module	А	4 (6 on request)		
Battery Charging Curve	-	Ripple free ; IU (DIN 41773)		
Temperature compensation	-	Standard (temp. sensor optional)		
Battery Test	-	Automatic and periodically (adjustable)		

Model	ST 40	ST 60	ST 80	ST 120	ST 200
Battery configuration	Common ba module	, , ,			Common battery or separate battery for two modules coupled.

<sup>2)</sup> Depending of the effective autonomy (see table here below)

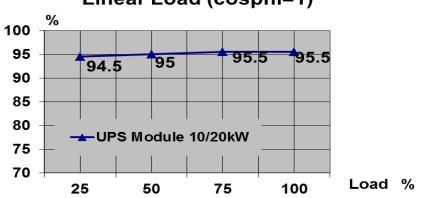
Module type	M10	M20
5 min autonomy: min. number of 12V batt. blocks	30	40
any autonomy: min. number of 12V batt. blocks	34	48

#### 10.5 OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

Module type	unit	UPScale M 10	UPScale M 20			
Output rated apparent power (cosphi 0.8)	kVA	10 20				
Output rated active power (cosphi 1.0)	KW	10	20			
Output nominal current (In) at 230VAC ph-N and cosphi 1.0	А	14.5	29			
Output Rated Voltage	V	3x380/220V or 3x400/230V or 3	3x415/240V			
Output Voltage Stability	%	Static: Dynamic (Step load 0%-100%	< +/- 1% or 100%-0%) < +/- 4%			
Output Voltage Distortion	%	With Linear Load With Non-linear Load (EN6204	< 1.5% 0-3:2001) < 3%			
Output Frequency	Hz	50 Hz or 60 Hz				
Output Frequency Tolerance	%	Synchronized with mains< +/- 2 %(selectable for bypass operation)or< +/- 4 %				
Efficiency AC-AC (at cosphi 1.0) (tolerance +/- 0.5% applies on all figures)	%	Load : 100% 75% M20&M10: 95.5 95.5	50% 25% 95 94.5			
Bypass operation		At Nominal Input voltage of 3x400 V +/- 15% or 190 V to 264 V ph-N				
Permissible Unbalanced Load (All 3 phases regulated independently)	%	100%				
Phase Angle Tolerance (With 100 % Unbalanced load)	•	< 2				
Overload Capability on Inverter	%	125 % load 150 % load	10 min. 60 sec.			
Output short capability on inverter (RMS)	A	3.0xln during 40 ms 2.25xln during 40 ms				
Output short capability on static bypass (RMS)	А	10xIn during 20 ms				
Static bypass transfer time: inverter → bypass / bypass → inverter / in eco-mode	ms	<1 / <5 / <6				

#### 10.5.1 GRAPH: AC – AC EFFICIENCY with Linear load @ cosphi 1

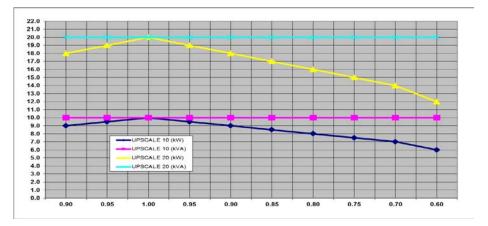
Tolerance +/- 0.5% applies on all figures. Efficiency up to 1 % higher with output PF cosphi 0.8 Details refer to paragraph 10.7 Environmental Characteristics



### Linear Load (cosphi=1)

#### 10.5.2 GRAPH:

#### Output Power in kW and kVA VERSUS cosphi



		UPScale Module M-10		UPScale Module M-20	
cosφ		kW	kVA	kW	kVA
	0.9	9	10	18	20
	0.95	9.5	10	19	20
unity	1	10	10	20	20
Ind.	0.95	10	10	19	20
	0.9	9	10	18	20
	0.85	8.5	10	17	20
	0.8	8	10	16	20
	0.75	7.5	10	15	20
	0.7	7	10	14	20
	0.6	6	10	12	20

10.6 ENVIRONMENTAL CHARACTERISTICS			
Module type	unit	UPScale M 10	UPScale M 20
Module rated power	kW	10	20
Operation temperature	°C	0 - 40	
Ambient Temperature for Batteries (recommended)	°C	20 - 25	
Storage Temperature	°C	-25 - +70	
Battery Storage Time at Ambient Temperature		Max. 6 months	
Max. altitude (above sea level) without de-rating	m/feet	1000 / 3300ft	
De-rating factor for use at altitudes above 1000m sea level according (IEC 62040-3)	m/feet	(meter / feet) above sea level 1500 / 4850 2000 / 6600	De-Rating Factor for Power 0.95 0.91
		2500 / 8250 3000 / 9900	0.86 0.82
Relative Air-humidity		Max. 95% (non-condensir	ng)
UPS Positioning		See chapter 10.11	
Input and Output Power Cabling		From the bottom on the fr	ont
Efficiency AC-AC up to (at cosphi 1.0) (tolerance +/- 0.5% applies on all figures)	%		75 % 50% 25% 5.5% 95% 94.5%
Efficiency with Linear Load at cosphi =0.8 ind Efficiency Non-linear Load (IEC/EN 6240-3)		Typically up to 1 % higher Typically up to 1 % lower	
Eco-Mode efficiency at 100% load	%	98 %	

# 10.7 STANDARDS

Safety	EN 62040-1-1, EN 60950-1
Electromagnetic Compatibility	EN 61000-6-4 Prod.standard: EN 62040-2 EN 61000-6-2 Prod.standard: EN 62040-2 EN 61000-4-2, EN 61000-4-3 - EN 61000-4-4 - EN 61000-4-5 - EN 61000-4-6
EMC Classification, Emission Class	C3
Immunity Class	C3
Performance	IEC/EN 62040-3
Product certification	CE
Degree of protection	IP 20

#### **10.8 COMMUNICATION**

Power Management Display (PMD)	1 LCD display for each module
RJ45 Plug (Not used)	RJ45 Plug (for future options)
Customer Interfaces : Outputs DRY PORT X 2	5 voltage free contacts For remote signaling and automatic computer shutdown
Customer Interfaces : Inputs DRY PORT X1	<ul> <li>1 x Remote Shut down [EMERGENCY OFF (Normally closed)]</li> <li>2 x Programmable Customer's Inputs (1<sup>st</sup> default as GEN-ON (Normally open))</li> <li>(2<sup>nd</sup> free Programmable Customer's Inputs (Normally open))</li> <li>1 x Temp. Sensor for Battery Control</li> <li>1 x 12 Vdc output (max. 200mA)</li> </ul>
Serial ports RS232 on Sub-D9	1 x system frame For monitoring and integration in network management
USB	1x For monitoring and software management
Slot for SNMP	SNMP card (optional) For monitoring and integration in network management

#### 10.8.1 POWER MANAGEMENT DISPLAY (PMD)

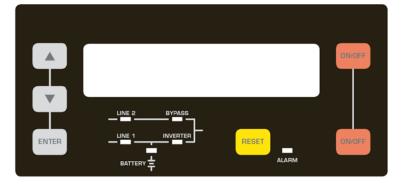
The user-friendly PMD consists of three parts the MIMIC DIAGRAM, CONTROL KEYS and LCD that provides the necessary monitoring information about the UPS.

#### 10.8.2 MIMIC DIAGRAM

The mimic diagram serves to give the general status of the UPS. The LED-indicators show the power flow status and in the event of mains failure or load transfer from inverter to bypass and vice-versa the corresponding LED-indicators will change color from green (normal) to red (warning). The LED's LINE 1 (rectifier) and LINE 2 (bypass) indicate the availability of the mains power supply. The LED's INVERTER and BYPASS if green indicate which of the two are supplying power to the critical load. When the LED-indicator BATTERY is lit it means that the battery due to mains failure is supplying the load. The LED-indicator ALARM is a visual indication of any internal or external alarm condition. At the same time the audible alarm will be activated.

#### 10.8.3 DISPLAY

The 2 x 20 character LCD simplifies the communication with the UPS. The menu driven LCD enables the access to the EVENT REGISTER, or to monitor the input and output U, I, f, P, Autonomy Time and other Measurement's, to perform commands like start-up and shut-down of INVERTER or load transfer from INVERTER to BYPASS and vice-versa and finally it serves for the DIAGNOSIS (SERVICE MODE) for adjustments and testing (for more details see the USER MANUAL of DPA UPScale<sup>TM</sup>).



Power Management Display (PMD) of DPA UPScale™

#### 10.8.4 CUSTOMER INTERFACES Terminals X1...X2

#### 10.8.5 CUSTOMER INPUTS DRY PORT s: Terminal block X2

Connection of Remote Shut down facilities, Generator Operation, Customers specials (see UM Section 9 / OPTIONS)

### 10.8.6 CUSTOMER OUTPUTS DRY PORTs : Terminal blocks X1

Provision of signals for the automatic and orderly shutdown of servers, AS400 or Automation building systems

All voltage free contacts are rated 60 VAC max. and 500 mA max.: All the interfaces are connected to Phoenix Spring terminals with wires : 0.5 mm2

Block	Terminal	Contact	Signal	On Display	Function
	X2 / 1	NO		MAINS_OK	Mains Present
	X2 / 2		ALARM		Mains Failure
	X2/3	с •			Common
	X2 / 4	NO		LOAD_ON_INV	Load on Inverter
	X2 / 5	NC •	Message		(Load on Mains bypass)
	X2 / 6	с			Common
	X2 / 7	NO		BATT_LOW	Battery Low
X2	X2 / 8	NC	ALARM		Battery OK
	X2 / 9	с			Common
	X2 / 10	NO		LOAD_ON_MAINS	Load on bypass (Mains)
	X2 / 11	NC •	Message		(Load on Inverter)
	X2 / 12	c •			Common
	X2 / 13	NO		COMMON_ALARM	Common Alarm (System)
	X2 / 14	NC	ALARM		NO Alarm Condition
	X2 / 15	с			Common
	X1 / 1		+ 12Vdc		Generator Operation
	X1 / 2	GND	GND		(NC = Generator ON)
	X1 / 3	▲ IN	+ 12Vdc		Customer IN 1
	X1 / 4	GND	GND		(Function on request, to be defined)
	X1 / 5	IN	+ 3.3Vdc		Temperature Battery
X1	X1 / 6	GND	GND		(If connected , the battery charger current if depending of the battery temp.)
	X1 / 7	<	+ 12Vdc		Remote Shut down
	X1 / 8	GND	GND		(Do not remove the factory mounted bridge until external Remote Shut down is connected)
	X1 / 9		+ 12Vdc		12 Vdc sourse
	X1 / 10	GND	GND		(max. 200 mA load)

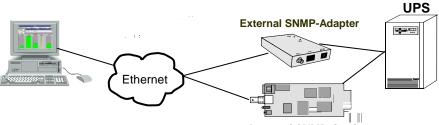
Phoenix Spring Terminals (X1...X2) Connection

#### 10.9 OPTIONS

- SNMP card + WaveMon Management Software
- External Battery Cabinets
- Backfeed protection
- Temp. sensor for battery temp. control

#### 10.9.1 SNMP card / WaveMon Management Software

The Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is a worldwide-standardized communication-protocol. It is used to monitor any device in the network via simple control language. The UPS-Management Software WaveMon also provides its data in this SNMP format with its internal software agent. The operating system you are using must support the SNMP protocol. We offer our WaveMon software with SNMP functionality for Novell, OS/2, all Windows running on INTEL and ALPHA, DEC VMS, Apple. Two types of SNMP interfaces with identical functionality are available: an external SNMP-Adapter (Box) and an internal SNMP-Card. Both can manage a parallel system (N modules) and return either global values - which are consistent for the <u>whole</u> parallel system - or specific values from the single modules.



#### 10.9.2 BATTERY CABINETS

Internal SNMP-Card

S-type = For Separate. Battery C-type = For Common. Battery	unit	CBAT-UPScale-120 S-type or C-type	CBAT-UPScale-200 S-type or C-type
BATTERY FRAMES			
Configuration accommodates:	Max.	120 Batt. block x 24Ah/28Ah on 8 shelf 3x5=15 blocks/shelf	200 Batt. blocks x 24Ah/28Ah on 7 shelf 6x5=30 blocks/shelf
Battery fuses / Max. Batt. Strings : Terminals :	S-type	9 / 3 (Terminal 9 x 16/25mm2)	15 / 5 (Terminal 15 x 16/25mm2)
Battery fuses / Max. Batt. Strings Terminals :	C-type	9 / 3 + Com. Connection Bar 3 x (2xM8) +PE 2xM8	15 / 5 + Com. Connection Bar 3 x (2xM10) +PE 2xM10
Fuse Type (Very Fast acting)	А	3x100 A	5x100A
Dimensions (WxHxD)	mm	730x1975x800	1200x1975x800
Weight with trays and w/o batteries	kg	290	410
Possible Battery configurations within the Battery Cabinets		Battery Configurations (1x40)x28Ah / (2x40)x28Ah / (3x40)x28Ah / (2x50)x28Ah	Battery Configurations (1x40)x28Ah / (2x40)x28Ah / (3x40)x28Ah / (4x40)x28Ah / (5x40)x28Ah / (2x50x28Ah) / (4x50)x28Ah

# **10.10 BATTERY AUTONOMIES**

# 10.10.1 Examples of Internal Battery Autonomy of DPA UPScale ST40 and ST 60

Module Type		UPScale M 10		UPScale M 20 Module need at least 48 blocks for full power or minimum 40 blocks for 16kW			
nternal Separate B	attery configuration		Battery	Autonomy in (mi	n.) per Module		
Frame Type	Separate Battery / Module	8kW	10kW	12kW	16kW	20KW	
UPScale ST 40 max. 80 blocks up to 2 modules	(1x40)x7Ah / Module	8	6	5			
UPScale ST 40 max. 80 blocks 1 modules ONLY	(1x50)x7Ah / Module	11	8.	7	4		
UPScale ST 60 max. 240 blocks up to 3 modules	(1x40)x7Ah / Module	8	6	5			
UPScale ST 60 max. 240 blocks up to 3 modules	(2x40)x7Ah / Module	21	15	12	8	5	

Internal Common B	attery configuration		Battery Auto	onomy in (min.) fo	or Tot. System Pow	er
With 1 Module	Module Type	1 x UPScale M 10			1 x UPScale M 20	
with i wodule	Total System Power	8kW	10kW	12kW	16kW	20KW
UPScale ST 40 or UPScale ST 60	1x (2x40)x7Ah	21	15	12	8	5
UPScale ST 60	2x (1x50)x7Ah	28	21	16	11	8
UPScale ST 60	3x (1x40)x7Ah	35	26	21	14	5
UPScale ST 60	3x (1x50)x7Ah	47	35	28	19	14
UPScale ST 60	4x (1x50)x7 Ah	69	52	41	28	21
UPScale ST 60	3x (2x40)x7Ah	88	66	52	35	5
With Q. Madulas	Module Type	Type 2 x UPScale M 10		2 x UPScale M 20		
With 2 Modules	Total System Power	16kW	20kW	24kW	32KW	40kW
UPScale ST 40 or UPScale ST 60	1x (2x40)x7Ah	8	6	5		
UPScale ST 60	2x (1x50)x7Ah	11	8	7	4	
UPScale ST 60	3x (1x40)x7Ah	14	11	8	6	5
UPScale ST 60	3x (1x50)x7Ah	19	14	11	8	6
UPScale ST 60	4x (1x50)x7 Ah	28	21	16	11	8
UPScale ST 60	3x (2x40)x7Ah	35	26	21	14	5
With 3 Modules	Module Type	3 x UPS	cale M 10		3 x UPScale M 20	)
with 5 modules	Total System Power	24kW	30KW	36kW	48KW	60kW
UPScale ST 60	2x (1x50)x7Ah	7	5	4		
UPScale ST 60	3x (1x40)x7Ah	8	6	5		
UPScale ST 60	2x (2x40)x7Ah	12	9	7	5	4
UPScale ST 60	4x (1x50)x7 Ah	16	12	10	7	5
UPScale ST 60	3x (2x40)x7Ah	21	15	12	8	5

# 10.10.2 Examples of External Battery Autonomy

#### This configuration are mostly used in combination with the frame UPScale ST 80 or ST 120 or ST 200.

Module Type External Separate Battery configuration ST 80 or ST 120		UPScale M 10 UPScale M 20 Battery Autonomy in (min.) per Module				
Battery Cabinet	Total System Power	8kW	10kW	16kW	20kW	
1x CBATUPScale -120S	1x40x28Ah	54	41	22	not allowed	
1x CBATUPScale -120S	1x50x28Ah	72	54	30	22	
External Separate Battery c ST 200	onfiguration		Battery Autonomy	/ in (min.) per Modu	le	
Pottom/ Cabinat	Battery / Module	2x UPScale M 10 2 x UPScale M 20			Scale M 20	
Battery Cabinet	Total System Power	16kW	20kW	32kW	40kW	
1x CBATUPScale -200S	(1x40)x28Ah	20	15	8	not allowed	
1x CBATUPScale -200S	(1x50)x28Ah	27	20	9	6	

Extenal Common Battery configuration (with 40bl./string)		Battery Autonomy in (min.) for Tot. System Power (3+1)		
With 3 Modules	Module Type	3 x UPScale M 10	3 x UPScale M 20	
with 5 modules	Total System Power	30 KW	48KW	
1x CBAT-UPScale-120C	(2x40)x28Ah	24	13	
1x CBAT-UPScale-120C	(3x40)x28Ah	41	22	
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(4x40)x28Ah	59	32	
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(5x40)x28Ah	78	43	
External Common Battery ( 50bl./string)	configuration (with	Battery Autonomy in (min	.) for Tot. System Power (3+1)	
With 3 Modules	Total System Power	30 KW	60 KW	
1x CBAT-UPScale-120C	(1x50)x28Ah	13	5	
1x CBAT-UPScale-120C	(2x50)x28Ah	32	13	
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(3x50)x28Ah	54	22	
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(4x50)x28Ah	78	32	

External Common Battery configuration (with 40bl./string)		Battery Autonomy in (min.) for Tot. System Power (5+1)		
With E. Madulaa	Module Type	5 x UPScale M 10	5 x UPScale M 20	
With 5 Modules	Total System Power	50 KW	80KW	
1x CBAT-UPScale-120C	(2x40)x28Ah	13	7	
1x CBAT-UPScale-120C	(3x40)x28Ah	21	12	
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(4x40)x28Ah	31	17	
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(5x40)x28Ah	41	22	
External Common Battery o 50bl./string)	configuration (with	Battery Autonomy in (min.)	) for Tot. System Power (5+1)	
With 5 Modules	Total System Power	50 KW	100 KW	
1x CBAT-UPScale-120C	(1x50)x28Ah	7		
1x CBAT-UPScale-120C	(2x50)x28Ah	17	7	
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(3x50)x28Ah	28	12	
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(4x50)x28Ah	41	17	

#### Section-10

External Common Battery configuration (with 40bl./string)		Battery Autonomy in (min.) for Tot. System Power (7+1)			
Module Type		5 x UPScale M 10	5 x UPScale M 20		
With 7 Modules	Total System Power	60 KW	120KW		
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(4x40)x28Ah	23	10		
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(5x40)x28Ah	31	14		
External Common Battery o 50bl./string)	configuration (with	Battery Autonomy in (min.)	for Tot. System Power (7+1)		
With 7 Modules	Total System Power	60 KW 120 KW			
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(3x50x28Ah	23	10		
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(4x50)x28Ah	31	14		

External Common Battery configuration (with lobi./string)		Battery Autonomy in (min.) for Tot. System Power (9+1)			
With 9 Modules	Module Type	5 x UPScale M 10	5 x UPScale M 20		
with 9 wodules	Total System Power	90 KW	180KW		
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(4x40)x28Ah	13	5		
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(5x40)x28Ah	17	7		
External Common Battery configuration (with 50bl./string)		Battery Autonomy in (min.	) for Tot. System Power (9+1)		
With 9 Modules	Total System Power	90 KW 180 KW			
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(3x50x28Ah	12	5		
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(4x50)x28Ah	17	7		

#### **10.11 INSTALLATION PLANNING – UPS POSITIONING**

Clearances needed to allow proper airflow on the UPS system and to allow door opening.

Minimum clearances for single UPS					
UPS Model	A <sub>1</sub> B <sub>1</sub> (mm) (mm)		C (°)	D (mm)	
ST 40, ST 60, ST 80, ST 120	200	1000	115°	400	
ST 200	300				

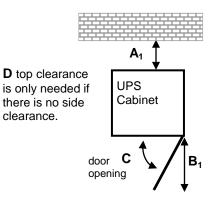


Figure 1: top view and indication of the minimum

clearances for single UPS.

Minimum clearances for UPS + other cabinets in row B<sub>2</sub> С D A<sub>2</sub> **UPS Model** (mm) (°) (mm) (mm) ST 40, ST 60, 300 1000 ST 80, ST 120 115° 400 ST 200 300 1000

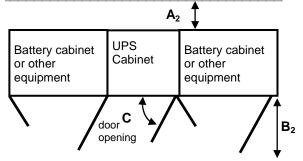


Figure 2: top view and indication of the minimum clearances for UPS + other cabinets in row .

The model ST 200 has fuses at the rear side of the cabinet. To guarantee access to those fuses and proper operating space up to 1000mm clearance may be needed when having UPS and other cabinets in row.

UPS Frame type (40kW up to 200 kW)	ST 40	ST 60	ST 80	ST 120	ST 200	
Dimensions (WxHxD) mm	550x1135x770	550x1975x770	550x1135x770	550x1975x770	550x1975x770	
External Battery Cabinet	CBAT UPScale-1	BAT UPScale-120C		CBAT UPScale-200S		
Туре	CBAT UPScale-1	120S	CBAT UPScale-200C			
Dimensions (WxHxD) mm	730x1975x800		1200x1975x800			
Accessibility	Totally front acce	ssibility for service	and maintenance			
Positioning	see chapter 10.17	see chapter 10.11				
Input and Output Cabling	From the bottom on the front					

# 10.11.1 HEAT DISSIPATION PER MODULE WITH NON-LINEAR LOAD

Module Range		UPScale M 10 or M 20		
Module Type		UPScale M 10	UPScale M 20	
Heat Dissipation with 100% Non-linear Load per Module (EN 62040-1-1)	w	550	1100	
Heat Dissipation with 100% Non-linear Load per Module (EN 62040-1-1)	BTU/h	1887	3754	
Airflow (25° - 30°C) with Non-linear Load per Module (EN 62040-1-1)		150	150	
Dissipation at no load	W	120	150	

#### 10.12 WIRING AND BLOCK DIAGRAMS FOR ALL FRAMES AND MODULES

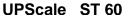
The customer has to supply the wiring to connect the UPS to the local power source. The installation inspection and initial start-up of the UPS and extra battery cabinet must be carried out by a qualified service personnel such as a licensed service engineer from the manufacturer or from an agent authorized by the manufacturer. More details and procedure are mentioned in the user manual.

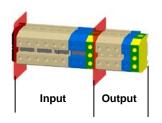
#### **10.12.1 TERMINAL CONNECTIONS OVERVIEW**

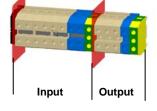
FRAME TYPE (T) Compression type Terminals (B) Bolted Terminals	Battery Earth PE	Separate. Battery (+ / N / - )	Common Battery (+ / N / - )	Input Bypass 3+N	Input Rectifier 3+N+PE	Output load 3+N+PE
UPScale ST 40	n.a	n.a	n.a	4 x 16/25 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)	5 x 16/25 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)	5 x 16/25 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)
UPScale ST 60	n.a	n.a	n.a	4 x 35 mm² (T)	4 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup> (T) +PE 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)	4 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup> (T) +PE 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)
UPScale ST 80	50 mm² (T)	4x (3 x 10/16mm²) (T)	3 x M6 (B)	3 x 50 mm² (T) + N 70/95 mm² (T)	3 x 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T) + N 70/95 mm <sup>2</sup> (T) +PE 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)	3 x 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T) + N 70/95 mm <sup>2</sup> (T) +PE 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)
UPScale ST 120	50 mm² (T)	6x (3 x 10/16mm²) (T)	3 x 2xM5 (B) or 3 x M10 (B)	4 x 70/95mm <sup>2</sup> (T)	4 x 70/95mm <sup>2</sup> (T) +PE 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)	4 x 70/95mm <sup>2</sup> (T) +PE 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)
UPScale ST 200	1xM10 (B)	5x (3 x 35mm2) (T) 2 modules have common Battery	2 x (3 x M10) (B)	3 x M12 (B) +PE 1 x M12	4 x M12 (B) +PE 1 x M12	4 x M12 (B) +PE 1 x M12

n.a = not allowed

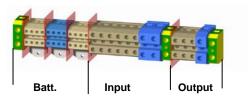
# UPScale ST 40



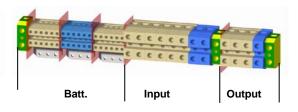




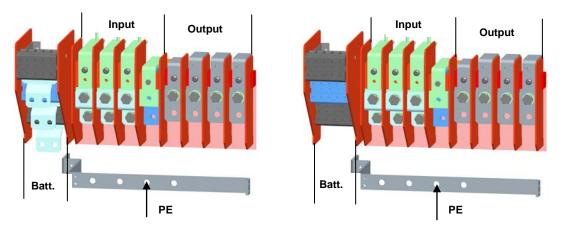
# UPScale ST 80



UPScale ST 120



# UPScale ST 200

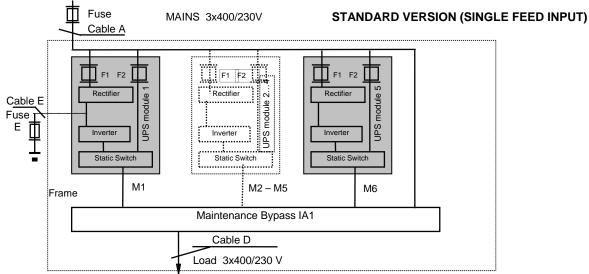


**Common Battery** 

Separate battery (for two modules coupled)

#### **10.12.2 SINGLE FEED INPUT**

Cable Sections and Fuse Ratings recommended. Alternatively, local standards to be respected



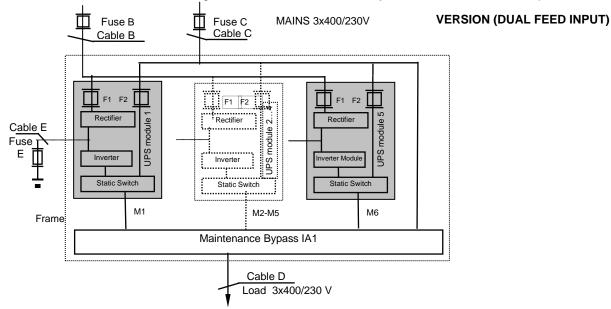


		Input 3x40	00V/230V		Output 3x400 @ cosphi 1.0		Battery			
Frame type			Cable A (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Max. Input Current with battery charging [A]	Cable D (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Fuse I nom +/N		for CBAT U 200	E (mm <sup>2</sup> ) PScale 120 or ONLY N / -	
			(IEC 60950-1)		(IEC 60950-1)		(Agl/CB)	Com. Battery	Sep. Battery	
UPScale ST 40	40	3x80A	5x16	68 A	5x16	58 A	n.a	n.a	n.a	
UPScale ST 60	60	3x125A	5x35	102 A	5x35	87 A	n.a	n.a	n.a	
UPScale ST 80	80	3x160A	5x50	136 A	5x50	116 A	3x224A*1	3x95 *1	4x (3x10)	
UPScale ST 120	120	3x224A	4x95+1x50 (PE)	208 A	5x70	174 A	3x300A*1	3x150 *1	6x (3x10)	
UPScale ST 200	200	3 x 350 A	5 x 185	333 A	5 x 185	290 A	3 x 450 *1	3 x (2 x 95)*1	5 x (3x25)	

n.a = not allowed

\*1 only valid for common battery use

#### 10.12.4 DUAL FEED INPUT



#### Cable Sections and Fuse Ratings recommended. Alternatively, local standards to be respected

#### 10.12.5 Dual FEED INPUT / Cable Sections

			00V/230V		Bypass 3x400V/230	v	Output 3x400V/23 @ cosphi		Battery			
Frame type	Load in kW		Fuse B (Agl/CB)	Cable B (mm <sup>2</sup> ) (IEC 60950-1)	Max. Input Current with	Fuse C (Agl/CB)	Cable C (mm <sup>2</sup> ) (IEC	Cable D (mm <sup>2</sup> ) (IEC	l nom [A]	Fuse E +/N/-	Cable E for CBAT UF or 200 ( + / N	Scale 120 DNLY
		(//g//02)	(	battery charging [A]	(**3**=)	60950-1)	60950-1)		(Agl/CB)	Com. Battery	Sep. Battery	
UPScale ST 40	40	3x80A	5x16	68 A	3x80A	4x16	5x16	58 A	n.a	n.a	n.a	
UPScale ST 60	60	3x125A	5x35	102 A	3x125A	4x35	5x35	87 A	n.a	n.a	n.a	
UPScale ST 80	80	3x160A	5x50	136 A	3x160A	4x50	5x50	116 A	3x224A*1	3x95 *1	4x (3x10)	
UPScale ST 120	120	3x224A	4x95+1x50 (PE)	208 A	3x224A	4x95	5x70	174 A	3x300A*1	3x150 *1	6x (3x10)	
UPScale ST 200	200	3 x 350 A	5 x 185	333 A	3 x 350 A	4 x 185	5 x 185	290 A	3 x 450 *1	3 x (2 x 95)*1	5 x (3x25)	

n.a = not allowed

\*1 only valid for common battery use

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# 2.1 BLOCK DIAGRAM

#### 2.1.1 WIRING AND BLOCK DIAGRAMS FOR ALL FRAMES AND MODULES

The customer has to supply the wiring to connect the UPS to the local power source. The installation inspection and initial start up of the UPS and extra battery cabinet must be carried out by a qualified service personnel such as a licensed service engineer from the manufacturer or from an agent authorized by the manufacturer.

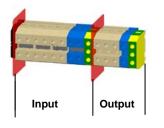
# 2.1.2 RECOMMENDED CABLE SECTIONS & FUSE RATINGS

#### 2.1.2.1 Terminal connections overview

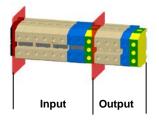
RAME TYPE (T) Compression type Terminals (B) Bolted Terminals	Battery Earth PE	Separate. Battery (+ / N / - )	Common Battery (+ / N / - )	Input Bypass <sub>3+N</sub>	Input Rectifier 3+N+PE	Output load 3+N+PE
UPScale ST 40	n.a	n.a	n.a	4 x 16/25 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)	5 x 16/25 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)	5 x 16/25 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)
UPScale ST 60	n.a	n.a	n.a	4 x 35 mm² (T)	4 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup> (T) +PE 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)	4 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup> (T) +PE 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)
UPScale ST 80	50 mm² (T)	4x (3 x 10/16mm²) (T)	3 x M6 (B)	3 x 50 mm² (T) + N 70/95 mm² (T)	3 x 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T) + N 70/95 mm <sup>2</sup> (T) +PE 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)	3 x 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T) + N 70/95 mm <sup>2</sup> (T) +PE 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)
UPScale ST 120	50 mm² (T)	6x (3 x 10/16mm²) (T)	3 x 2xM5 (B) or 3 x M10 (B)	4 x 70/95mm² (T)	4 x 70/95mm <sup>2</sup> (T) +PE 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)	4 x 70/95mm <sup>2</sup> (T) +PE 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)
UPScale ST 200	1xM10 (B)	5x (3 x 35mm2) (T) 2 modules have common Battery	2 x (3 x M10) (B)	3 x M12 (B) +PE 1 x M12	4 x M12 (B) +PE 1 x M12	4 x M12 (B) +PE 1 x M12

n.a = not allowed

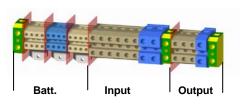
UPScale ST 40



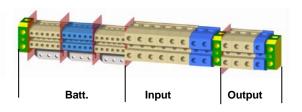
UPScale ST 60



UPScale ST 80

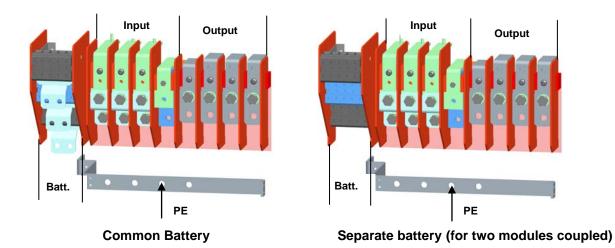


UPScale ST 120



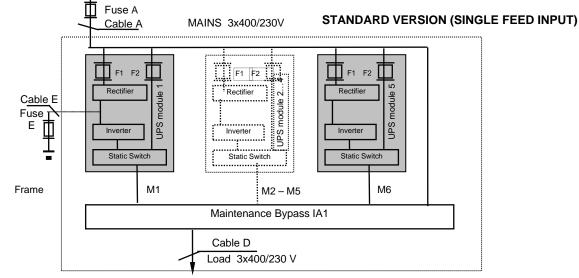
#### Section-2

### UPScale ST 200



#### 2.1.3 BLOCK DIAGRAM DPA UPSCALE™

#### 2.1.3.1 Single Feed input (Standard Version)



Cable Sections and Fuse Ratings recommended. Alternatively, local standards to be respected



		Input 3x40	00V/230V		Output 3x400 @ cosphi 1.0		Battery			
Frame type	Load in kW	Fuse A (Agl/CB)	Cable A (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Max. Input Current with battery charging [A]	Cable D (mm <sup>2</sup> )	l nom [A]	Fuse E + / N / -	for CBAT U 200	E (mm <sup>2</sup> ) PScale 120 or ONLY N / -	
			(IEC 60950-1)		(IEC 60950-1)		(Agl/CB)	Com. Battery	Sep. Battery	
UPScale ST 40	40	3x80A	5x16	68 A	5x16	58 A	n.a	n.a	n.a	
UPScale ST 60	60	3x125A	5x35	102 A	5x35	87 A	n.a	n.a	n.a	
UPScale ST 80	80	3x160A	5x50	136 A	5x50	116 A	3x224A*1	3x95 *1	4x (3x10)	
UPScale ST120	120	3x224A	4x95+1x50 (PE)	208 A	5x70	174 A	3x300A*1	3x150 *1	6x (3x10)	
UPScale ST 200	200	3 x 350 A	5 x 185	333 A	5 x 185	290 A	3 x 450 *1	3 x (2 x 95)*1	5 x (3x25)	

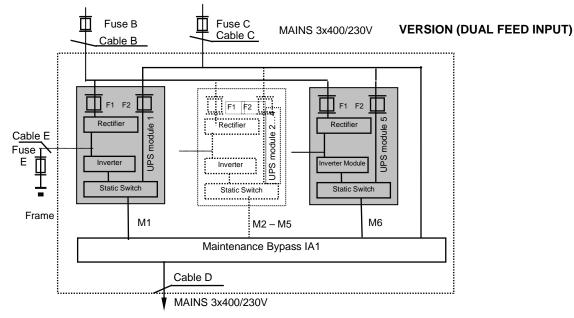
n.a = not allowed

\*1 only valid for common battery us

Section-2

#### 2.1.3.3 Dual feed input (Optional Version)

Cable Sections and Fuse Ratings recommended. Alternatively, local standards to be respected



#### 2.1.3.4 Dual FEED INPUT / Cable Sections

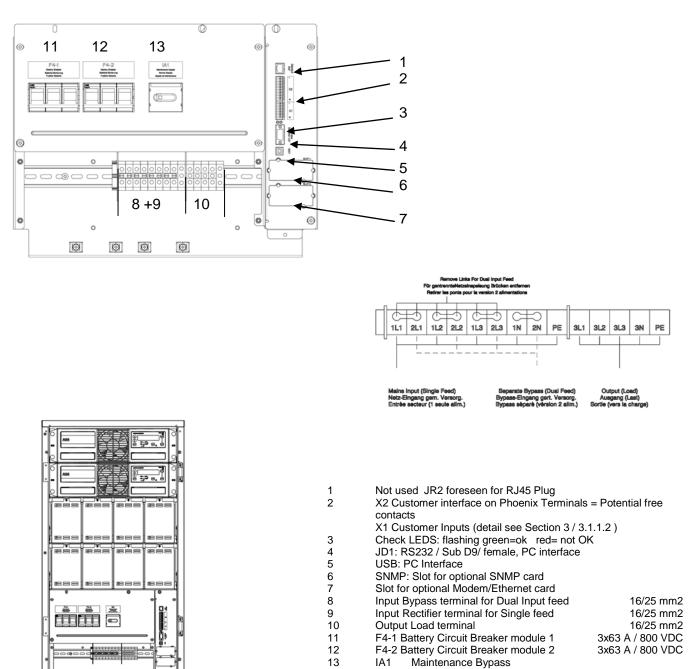
				Bypass 3x400V/230V 3		Output 3x400V/230V @ cosphi 1.0		Battery			
Frame type	Load in kW	Fuse B (Agl/CB)	Cable B (mm <sup>2</sup> ) (IEC 60950-1)	Max. Input Current with	Fuse C (Agl/CB)	Cable C (mm <sup>2</sup> ) (IEC	Cable D (mm <sup>2</sup> ) (IEC	l nom [A]	Fuse E +/N/-	Cable E for CBAT UF or 200 ( + / N	Scale 120 ONLY
		(19,00)	()	battery charging [A]	(**3***=)	60950-1)	60950-1)		(Agl/CB)	Com. Battery	Sep. Battery
UPScale ST 40	40	3x80A	5x16	68 A	3x80A	4x16	5x16	58 A	n.a	n.a	n.a
UPScale ST 60	60	3x125A	5x35	102 A	3x125A	4x35	5x35	87 A	n.a	n.a	n.a
UPScale ST 80	80	3x160A	5x50	136 A	3x160A	4x50	5x50	116 A	3x224A*1	3x95 *1	4x (3x10)
UPScale ST120	120	3x224A	4x95+1x50 (PE)	208 A	3x224A	4x95	5x70	174 A	3x300A*1	3x150 *1	6x (3x10)
UPScale ST 200	200	3 x 350 A	5 x 185	333 A	3 x 350 A	4 x 185	5 x 185	290 A	3 x 450 *1	3 x (2 x 95)*1	5 x (3x25)

n.a = not allowed

\*1 only valid for common battery use

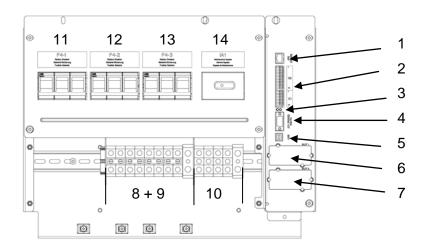
### 2.2 FRONT VIEW

#### 2.2.1 FRONT VIEW UPSCALE ST 40 AND CONNECTION TERMINALS

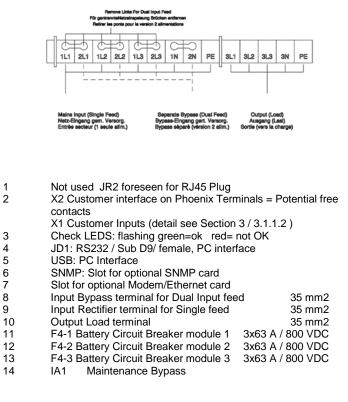


Wiring see page 2 section 2.1

### 2.2.2 FRONT VIEW UPSCALE ST 60 AND CONNECTION TERMINALS



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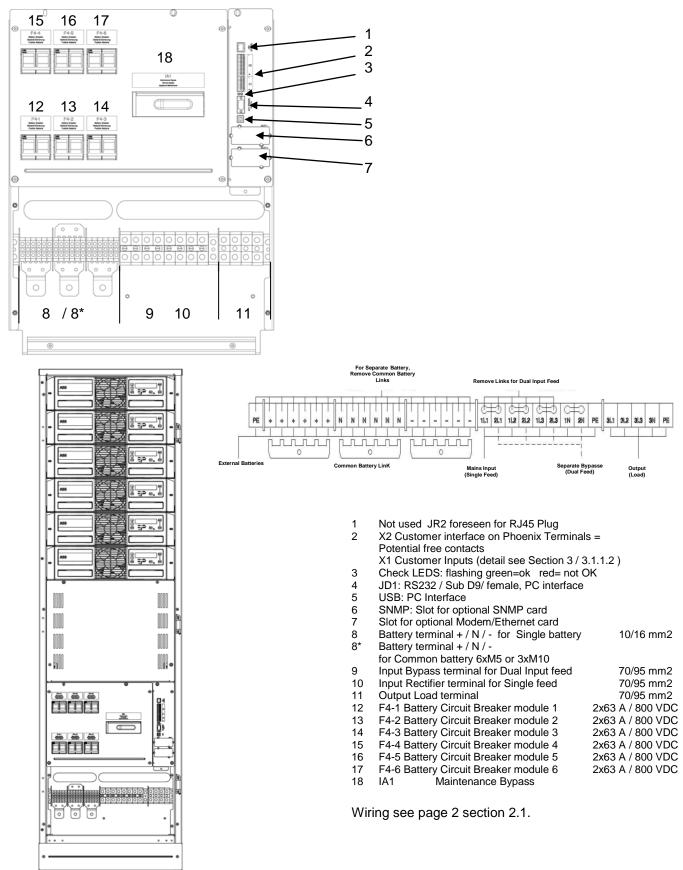
Wiring see page 2 section 2.1

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#### Π 0 0 0 1 0 16 12 13 14 15 1 28 2 3 4 1 0 5 o O 0 6 Q 6 7 0 0 0 $\odot$ O 0 0 8/8 9 10 11 o o For Separate Battery, Remove Common Battery Links e Links for Dual Input Fe 1L1 2L1 1L2 2L2 1L3 2L3 N N IN 2N PE 311 312 313 3N PE 0 eparate Bypasse (Dual Feed) External Batteries Common Battery LinK Mains Input (Single Feed Output (Load) ----Not used JR2 foreseen for RJ45 Plug 1 낍 2 X2 Customer interface on Phoenix Terminals = Potential free contacts X1 Customer Inputs (detail see Section 3 / 3.1.1.2) Check LEDS: flashing green=ok red= not OK JD1: RS232 / Sub D9/ female, PC interface 3 I -----4 5 USB: PC Interface SNMP: Slot for optional SNMP card 6 Slot for optional Modem/Ethernet card 7 Battery terminal +/N/- for Single battery Battery terminal +/N/- for Common battery • 8 10/16 mm2 8\* M6 Input Bypass terminal for Dual Input feed 50 mm2 9 10 Input Rectifier terminal for Single feed 50 mm2 11 Output Load terminal 50 mm2 F4-1 Battery Circuit Breaker module 1 2x63 A / 800 VDC 12 F4-2 Battery Circuit Breaker module 2 2x63 A / 800 VDC 13 14 F4-3 Battery Circuit Breaker module 3 2x63 A / 800 VDC 15 F4-4 Battery Circuit Breaker module 4 2x63 A / 800 VDC 16 IA1 Maintenance Bypass Wiring see page 2 section 2.1

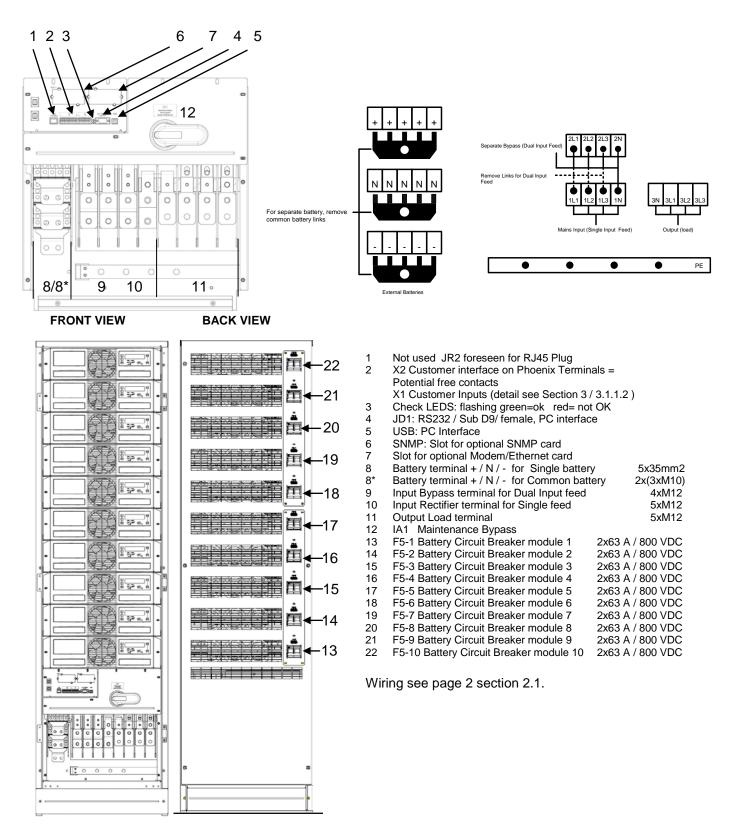
#### 2.2.3 FRONT VIEW UPSCALE ST 80 AND CONNECTION TERMINALS



#### 2.2.4 FRONT VIEW UPSCALE ST 120 AND CONNECTION TERMINALS

Section-2

#### 2.2.5 FRONT AND BACK VIEW UPSCALE ST 200 AND CONNECTION TERMINALS



		Section-2
2.3	BATTERY CONNECTIONS	

#### 2.3.1 INTERNAL BATTERY MODULES

#### 2.3.1.1 Internal Battery Modules DPA UPScale ST 40

In the **DPA UPScale ST 40 FRAME** there is space for up to 80 x 7/9Ah internal batteries. In the drawing below different Battery and System configurations are shown.

#### NOTE:

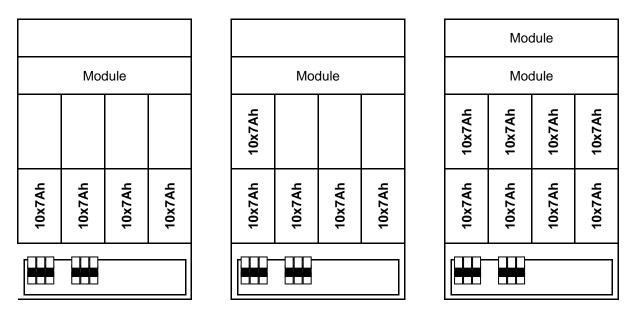
For UPS-Systems DPA UPScale M-10kW, it is allowed to use 20-50 (only even numbers) of 12V-battery blocks depending the power sourced on the output

For UPS-Systems DPA UPScale M-20kW, it is allowed to use 30-50 (only even numbers) of 12V-battery blocks depending the power sourced on the output

**IMPORTANT** : For max. battery autonomies with the corresponding the output power range and no. of battery blocks per string, refer to Section 10.4

NOTE: Set-up the correct number of battery blocks on Control Panel (Menu: Service-Set-Up).

#### **DPA UPScale ST 40**



(1x40)x7Ah

(1x50)x7Ah

(2x40)x7Ah

Other combination possible: refer to Section 10

#### 2.3.1.2 Internal Battery Modules DPA UPScale ST 60

In the **DPA UPScale ST 60 FRAME** there is space for up to 240 x 7/9Ah internal batteries. In the drawing below different Battery and System configurations are shown.

**NOTE**: For UPS-Systems DPA UPScale M-10kW, it is allowed to use 20-50 (only even numbers) of 12Vbattery blocks depending the power sourced on the output

For UPS-Systems DPA UPScale M-20kW, it is allowed to use 30-50 (only even numbers) of 12V-battery blocks depending the power sourced on the output

**IMPORTANT** : For max. battery autonomies with the corresponding the output power range and no. of battery blocks per string, refer to Section 10.4

NOTE: Set-up the correct number of battery blocks on Control Panel (Menu: Service-Set-Up).

#### **DPA UPScale ST 60 FRAME**

									Мос	dule			Мо	dule	
	Мос	dule			Мос	dule		Module			Module				
	Мос	dule			Мос	dule			Мос	dule			Мо	odule	
								10x7Ah	10x7Ah	10x7Ah	10x7Ah				
								10x7Ah							
				10x7Ah											
				10x7Ah											
10x7Ah															
10x7Ah															

1x(2x40)x7Ah

2x(2x40)x7Ah 3x(2x40)x7Ah Other combination possible: refer to Section 10

3x(1x50)x7Ah

# 2.3.2 EXTERNAL BATTERY CABINET AND BATTERY CONNECTION



KEEP OUT OF BATTERY POLES WHICH CONTAIN DANGEROUS DC-VOLTAGES CAUSING FATAL ACCIDENTS.NOTE: MANIPULATION ON THE BATTERY SYSTEM SHOULD ONLY BE DONE BY TRAINED SERVICE AND MAINTENANCE PERSONEL OF THE MANUFACTURER OR HIS AUTHORISED SERVICE PARTNERS. INAPPROPRIATE MANIPULATIONS OF THE BATTERIES CAN CAUSE LIGHTNING SPARKS. WHILE OPERATING ON BATTERY SYSTEMS IT IS MANDATORY TO WEAR GLASSES.

#### 2.3.2.1 External Battery Configuration

In the UPS-cabinet of the **DPA UPScale<sup>™</sup> ST 80, ST 120 and ST 200** there is no space provided for batteries. There are 2 external matching battery cabinets available:

- CBAT UPScale -120 for Separate or Common battery configurations of 24Ah or 28Ah blocks (max. 120 Blocks)
- CBAT UPScale-200 for Separate or Common battery configurations for 24Ah or 28Ah blocks (max. 200 Blocks)

S-type = For Separate. Battery C-type = For Common. Battery		CBAT-UPScale-120 S-type or C-type	CBAT-UPScale200 S-type or C-type
BATTERY FRAMES			
Configuration accommodates:	Max.	120 Batt. block x 24Ah/28Ah on 8 shelf 3x5=15 blocks/shelf	200 Batt. blocks x 24Ah/28Ah on 7 shelf 6x5=30 blocks/shelf
Battery fuses / Max. Batt. Strings : Terminals :	S-type	9 / 3 (Terminal 9 x 16/25mm2)	15 / 5 (Terminal 15 x 16/25mm2)
Battery fuses / Max. Batt. Strings Terminals :	C-type	9 / 3 + Com. Connection Bar 3 x (2xM8) +PE 2xM8	15 / 5 + Com. Connection Bar 3 x (2xM10) +PE 2xM10
Fuse Type (Very Fast acting)	Α	3x100 A	5x100A
Dimensions (WxHxD)	mm	730x1975x800	1200x1975x800
Weight with trays and w/o batteries	kg	290	410

For detailed information and layout of the battery cabinets please refer to section 10 / Options

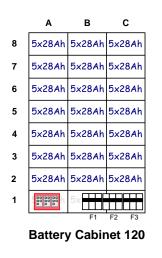
**NOTE**: For UPS-Systems DPA UPScale M-10kW, M-20kW it is allowed to use 40-50 (only even numbers) of 12V-battery blocks.

For UPS-System UPScale M-20kW use only 48-50 (only even numbers) of 12V-battery blocks.

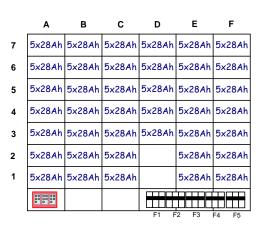
NOTE: Set-up the correct number of battery blocks on Control Panel (Menu: Service-Set-Up).

Frame: DPA UPScale ST 80 or ST 120 frames with Modules M 10 or M 20

CBAT UPScale-120



CBAT UPScale-200



Battery Cabinet 200

(3x40)x28Ah

(5x40)x28Ah

		CBAT UPScale-120	CBAT UPScale-200
Dimensions (WxHxD)	mm	730x1975x800	1200x1975x800
Weight with trays and w/o batteries	kg	290	410

For detailed information and layout of the battery cabinets please refer to section 10

Examples:

On drawing CBAT UPScale-120 (3x40)x28Ah battery blocks are fitted. The lower batch of 40x24Ah belong to UPS 1, the middle batch of 40x 24Ah belong to UPS 2 and the top batch of 40x24Ah belong to UPS 3.

On drawing CBAT UPScale-200 (5x40)x28Ah battery blocks are fitted in the battery cabinet and each UPS-Module is provided with 40x28Ah.

Depending on the request the batteries may be connected separately for each Module or it is possible to parallel them together into one common battery for five UPS-modules.

#### 2.3.2.2 Connection of External Battery Cabinet for DPA UPScale™

It is normally recommended for redundant Multi-Module systems to provide each UPS-Module with its own separate battery. In this way the redundancy is extended also to the batteries. In the Figure 3.2.3 and Fig. 3.2.4 the drawing shows how to connect the batteries in the external battery cabinet and the DPA UPScale frames ST 80 or ST 120



ALL THE OPERATIONS IN THIS MANUAL MUST BE PERFORMED BY AUTHORISED ELECTRICIANS OR BY QUALIFIED INTERNAL PERSONNEL. DO NOT OPERATE IN CASE OF PRESENCE OF WATER OR MOISTURE. BY OPENING OR REMOVING THE UPS-COVERS YOU RUN RISK OF EXPOSURE TO DANGEROUS VOLTAGES!

If the five battery batches are desired to be used as one common battery for all five UPS-Modules then Battery Links may be connected as shown below.



To ensure protection of the personnel during the installation of the UPS make sure that the connections are performed under the following conditions:

- No mains voltage is present in the UPS
- All the loads are disconnected
- The UPS and the external battery are voltage-free

To verify the complete shut down of the **DPA UPScale**<sup>™</sup> perform following steps:

- 1) Make sure that the fuses feeding the UPS in the input Distribution Board are all open and no power is fed to the UPS.
- 2) Make sure the "MAINTENANCE BYPASS"(IA1) is open (position "OFF")
- 3) Make sure the battery fuses in the external battery cabinet and on the UPS are open.
- 4) Connect Earth (PE) between the UPS and external battery cabinet.
- 5) Connect the corresponding + , N, terminals between UPS and external battery cabinet according to drawing

#### Section-2

# 2.3.2.3 Connection of External Separate Battery for DPA UPScale<sup>™</sup>

Seperate Battery Battery Battery Battery Battery Battery Fuses Fuses Fuses Fuses Fuses for UPS 4 for for for for UPS 1 UPS 2 UPS 3 UPS 5 Ν Ν Ν PE PE Ν Ν . + + + ï + + 2

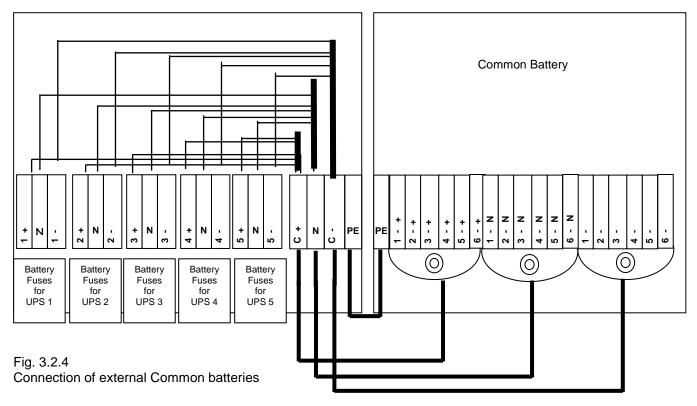
External Battery Cabinet UPSCALE for separate Batteries per Module

#### Fig. 3.2.3 Connection of external separate batteries

# 2.3.2.4 Connection of External Common Battery for DPA UPScale<sup>™</sup>

External Battery Cabinet UPSCALE for common Batteries

Frame : DPA UPSCALE ST 120



Section-2

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# **CONTENTS SECTION-3**

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	.1 Output Interfaces Terminal blocks X2 (DRY PORTs)	
3.1.1.	.2 Input Interfaces Terminal blocks X1	3
3.1.2	JD1 / RS232 Smart Port Computer Interface	4
	USB Computer Interface	

# 3.1 INTERFACING

The UPS cabinet is provided with communication card which provides the system information

Communication card (next to the distribution) :

•	Input Interfaces	X1 (Phoenix terminals)
•	Output Interfaces :	X2 DRY PORTs ,volt-free contacts (Phoenix terminals)
•	Smart Port JD1 / RS232 Sub D9 / female :	Interface (UPS system to computer)
•	USB	Interface (UPS system to computer)

On the Interface board are located two LED's (3) :

- Green LED showing the status of the Interface: - Fast Blinking: 2 times/sec = Interface is OK
- Red LED Board Alarm (indicates a possible replacement of the board)

#### 3.1.1 Customer interface and DRY PORTs (volt-free contacts)

All the Input and Output interfaces are connected to Phoenix terminals (cable 0.5 mm2)

#### 3.1.1.1 Output Interfaces Terminal blocks X2 (DRY PORTs)

> Provision of signals for the automatic and orderly shutdown of servers, AS400 or Automation building systems

#### 3.1.1.2 Input Interfaces Terminal blocks X1

> Connection of Remote Shut down facilities, Generator Operation, Customers specials (see Section 9, chapter9.1.2 OPTIONS)

All voltage free contacts are rated 60 VAC max. and 500 mA max.:

Block	Terminal	Contact	Signal	On Display	Function
	X2 / 1	NO		MAINS_OK	Mains Present
	X2 / 2	NC •	ALARM		Mains Failure
	X2/3	c •			Common
	X2 / 4	NO		LOAD_ON_INV	Load on Inverter
	X2 / 5	NC •	Message		(Load on Mains bypass)
	X2 / 6	c •			Common
	X2 / 7	NO -		BATT_LOW	Battery Low
X2	X2 / 8	NC	ALARM		Battery OK
	X2 / 9	с			Common
	X2 / 10	NO		LOAD_ON_MAINS	Load on bypass (Mains)
	X2 / 11	NC •	Message		(Load on Inverter)
	X2 / 12	с •			Common
	X2 / 13	NO •		COMMON_ALARM	Common Alarm (System)
	X2 / 14	NC •	ALARM		NO Alarm Condition
	X2 / 15	с			Common
	X1 / 1	• IN	+ 12Vdc		Generator Operation
	X1 / 2	GND	GND		(NC = Generator ON)
	X1 / 3	IN	+ 12Vdc		Customer IN 1
	X1 / 4	GND	GND		(Function on request, to be defined)
X1	X1 / 5	• IN	+ 3.3Vdc		Temperature Battery
	X1 / 6	GND	GND		(If connected , the battery charger current if depending of the battery temp.)
	X1 / 7	<b>←</b> → IN	+ 12Vdc		Remote Shut down
	X1 / 8	GND	GND		(Do not remove the factory mounted bridge until external Remote Shut down is connected)
	X1 / 9	<b>▲</b>	+ 12Vdc		12 Vdc sourse
	X1 / 10	GND	GND		(max. 200 mA load)

Phoenix Spring Terminals (X1...X2) Connection

#### 3.1.2 JD1 / RS232 Smart Port Computer Interface

The **Computer Interface JD1** (4) located on the distribution part is an intelligent RS 232 serial port that allows the UPS system to be connected to a computer. The connector JD1 is a standard D-Type, 9-pin, female.

When installed the **Computer Interface**, the optional WAVEMON software allows the computer to monitor the mains voltage and the UPS system status continuously.

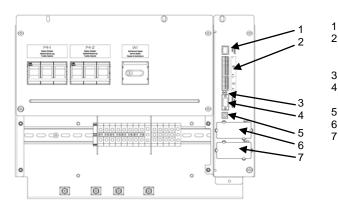
In the event of any changes the computer terminal will display a message. (For details see our optional Monitoring Package: *WAVEMON*).

#### 3.1.3 USB Computer Interface

The **Computer Interface USB** (5) located on the distribution part and is in parallel with the intelligent RS 232 serial port **JD1**.

When installed the **USB Computer Interface** trough, the optional WAVEMON software allows the computer to monitor the mains voltage and the UPS system status continuously.

In the event of any changes the computer terminal will display a message. (For details see our optional Monitoring Package: *WAVEMON*).



Example : Distribution Interfaces

JR2 / RS485 (Not used ) foreseen for RJ45 Plug X2 Customer interface on Phoenix Terminals = Potential free contacts						
	nputs (detail see Section 3 / 1.2)					
LED red /gree	n					
JD1	Smart Port RS232 / Sub D9/ female,					
	PC interface					
USB	PC Interface					
SNMP	Slot for optional SNMP card ONLY					
	Slot for optional Modem/Ethernet card ONLY					

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# 4.1 **OPERATION**

#### 4.1.1 Commissioning

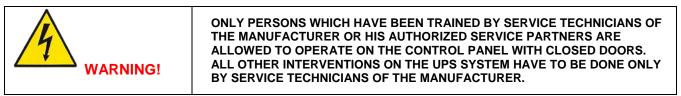
The DPA UPScale <sup>™</sup> is a high quality electronic machine, that must be commissioned by a fully trained and authorized NEWAVE field service engineer before being put into use.

The commissioning of the UPS involves the connection of the UPS and battery, the checking of the electrical installation and operating environment of the UPS, the controlled start-up and testing of the UPS and customer training.



OPERATIONS INSIDE THE UPS MUST BE PERFORMED BY A SERVICE ENGINEER FROM THE MANUFACTURER OR FROM AN AGENT AUTHORIZED BY THE MANUFACTURER.

# 4.1.2 Control Panel



The user-friendly control panel is composed of three parts:

- POWER MANAGEMENT LCD DISPLAY (PMD);
- LED INDICATORS;
- KEYS.

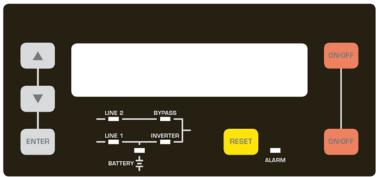


Figure 1.1 Control Panel

#### 4.1.2.1 Power Management Display (PMD)

The 2 x 20 character LCD simplifies the communication with the UPS and provides the necessary monitoring information about the UPS. The menu driven LCD enables the access to the:

- EVENT REGISTER;
- Monitor the input and output U, I, f, P,
- Battery runtime;
- To perform commands like start-up and shut-down of UPS and
- Load transfer from INVERTER to BYPASS and vice-versa;
- DIAGNOSIS (SERVICE MODE);
- Adjustments and testing.

#### 4.1.2.2 LED Indicators

The mimic diagram serves to indicate the general status of the UPS. The LED-indicators show the power flow status and in the event of mains failure or load transfer from inverter to bypass and vice-versa. The corresponding LED-indicators will change colours from green (normal) to red (warning).

The LED's LINE 1 (rectifier) and LINE 2 (bypass) indicate the availability of the mains power supply.

The LED's INVERTER and BYPASS if green indicate which of the two is supplying power to the critical load. When the battery is supplying the load due to mains failure the LED-indicator BATTERY is flashing.

The LED-indicator ALARM is a visual indication of any internal or external alarm condition. At the same time an audible alarm will be activated.

INDICATOR	INDICATOR STATUS	MEANING		
ALARM	OFF	No alarm condition		
	RED	Alarm condition		
LINE 1	GREEN	Mains rectifier available		
	RED	Mains rectifier not available		
LINE 2	GREEN	Mains bypass available		
	RED	Mains bypass not OK or not available		
	OFF	UPS is turned off		
BY-PASS GREEN		Load on bypass (Bypass-or Eco-Mode)		
	OFF	Bypass not operating (switched-off)		
INV	GREEN	Load on inverter		
	RED	Inverter fault or load not transferable to inverter		
	OFF	Inverter not operating (switched-off)		
BATTERY	GREEN	Battery OK		
	RED	Battery fault or battery is discharged		
	Flashing GREEN	Battery in discharge or battery fuse open		

#### 4.1.2.3 Keys

The keys allow the user to operate the UPS to perform settings and adjustments, to start-up and shutdown the UPS, to monitor on the LCD display the voltages, currents, frequencies and other values.

KEYS	FUNCTION	
ON/OFF ON/OFF	Serve to switch-on (press both keys simultaneously), or shutdown the UPS (press both key simultaneously)	
UP ( <b>†</b> )	Move upwards through the menu	
DOWN ( <b>V</b> )	Move downwards through the menu.	
RESET	Cancel the audible alarm. If the alarm condition was only transient the LED-indicator ALARM would also extinguish otherwise it will remain on (red).	
ENTER	Confirms a chosen menu item.	

#### 4.1.2.4 ON/OFF Start-up and Shutdown Buttons



IN THE CASE THAT THE PARALLEL UPS SYSTEM HAS TO BE TURNED OFF, THEN BOTH ON/OFF BUTTONS ON ALL UPS MODULES HAVE TO BE PUSHED. IN THIS CASE THE POWER SUPPLY TO THE LOAD WILL BE INTERRUPTED

S

**P6** 

# 4.1.3 Description of the LCD

#### 4.1.3.1 Status Screens

#### DESCRIPTION

- 1 Load is protected by UPS power. Load is supplied by inverter (Normal Operation) and the batteries are connected and o.k.
- 2 Load is not protected by UPS power. Load is supplied by mains power (load on bypass) or it is supplied by the inverter (Normal operation) and the batteries are not o.k.
- 3 Load not supplied. UPS is switched off To start the UPS press the two ON/OFF push buttons simultaneously
- 4 The UPS is not supplying load anymore.

LCD-DISPLAY

LOAD PROTECTED

LOAD P1 NOT PROTECTED

LOAD OFF P4 SUPPLY FAILURE

LOAD DISCONNECTED

NOTE:On the right hand side of the LCD there is the indication of single /parallel UPS.If the UPS is configured as single the indication will be "S"If the UPS is configured as parallel the indication will be "P" followed by the UPS number<br/>The max no. of module units are 6 per system.

#### EXEMPLES:

- **S** stands for Single UPS. The system consists of ONLY one UPS
- P1 stands for Parallel UPS in a Multi-UPS system and 01 stands for the first Module (MASTER) in the Multi-UPS system.
- P4 stands for Parallel UPS in a Multi-UPS system and 04 stands for the forth Module (SLAVE) in the Multi- UPS system.
- **P6** stands for Parallel UPS in a Multi-UPS system and 06 stands for the sixed Module (SLAVE) in the Multi- UPS system.

The configuration of the single / parallel UPS is achieved in the Menu "SET UP SERVICE". See Service Manual section E

#### 4.1.3.2 Main Menu Screen

#### DESCRIPTION

- 1 Logging Control. A log of the last 64 events is stored in the Power Management Display.
- 2 In Menu Measurements: monitor voltages, power, frequencies, currents, autonomy etc.
- 3 The Command Menu enables to perform the commands "Load to inverter", Load to bypass, battery test.
- 4 The UPS Data are the UPS personalized information "serial number"
- 5 Various settings can be performed by the user: Date/Time, automatic battery test, etc.
- 6 Various adjustments can be performed by the service staff

# LCD-DISPLAY

→ EVENT LOG

NO MORE MENU

- → MEASUREMENTS
- COMMANDS
- → COMMANDS
- UPS DATA

→	UPS DATA
	SET-UP USER
$\rightarrow$	SET-UP USER
	SET-UP SERVICE
$\rightarrow$	SET-UP SERVICE

#### 4.1.3.3 Event Log Screen

#### DESCRIPTION

- 1 Logging Control; a log of the last 64 events is stored in the Power Management Display.
- 2 Every stored event is identified with a sequential number and time stamp.
- 3 All events and alarms are indicated with their date and time of appearance.

#### 4.1.3.4 Measurements Screen

#### DESCRIPTION

- 1 Battery Runtime
- 2 UPS-Output Frequency
- 3 Bypass Frequency.
- 4 Battery Voltage
- 5 Battery Charger Current
- 6 Discharge Current.
- 7 Rectifier Voltage of all three phases
- 8 Bypass Voltage of all three phases
- 9 Output Voltage of all three phases
- 10 Output Current of all three phases
- 11 Active Output Power of all three phases
- 12 Reactive Output Power of all three phases
- 13 Apparent Output Power of all three phases
- 14 Output Power of all three phases
- 15 Battery capacity

#### 4.1.3.5 Commands Screen

#### DESCRIPTION

- 1 Transfer Load to inverter
- 2 Transfer Load to bypass.
- 3 Battery Test

#### LCD-DISPLAY

1	01	05-10-00	14-38-59
	LOAD	TO INV.	
	02	05-10-00	14-38-56
	LOAD	ТО ВҮР.	
е	03	05-10-00	14-37-14
	LOAD	OFF	

#### LCD-DISPLAY

BATT. RUN TIME (MIN)
00h 00m
OUTPUT FREQUENCY (HZ)
50.00
BYPASS FREQUENCY (HZ)
50.00
BATTERY VOLTAGE (V)
+ 0.0 - 0.0
BATT. CHARGE CUR. (A)
+ 0.0 - 0.0
DISCHARGE CURRENT (A)
00.00
RECTIFIER VOLTAGE (V)
230 230 230
BYPASS VOLTAGE (V)
230 230 230
OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)
230 230 230
OUTPUT CURRENT (A)
00.00 00.00 00.00
ACTIVE POWER (KW)
00.00 00.00 00.00
REACTIVE POWER (kVAr)
00.00 00.00 00.00
APPARENT POWER (KVA)
00.00 00.00 00.00
OUTPUT POWER (%)
00.00 00.00 00.00
BATT. CAPACITY (%)
00.00

#### LCD-DISPLAY

→	LOAD TO INVERTER	
	LOAD TO BYPASS	

→ LOAD TO BYPASS PERFORM BATT.TEST

→ PERFORM BATT.TEST NO MORE COMMANDS

### 4.1.3.6 UPS Data

### DESCRIPTION

- 1 These general UPS Data are installed at the manufacturing plant
- 2 Manufacturing date
- 3 EPROM Version
- 4 Actual Date and Time

### 4.1.3.7 Set-Up User

### DESCRIPTION

- 1 Set-up Language (not active yet)
- 2 Set-up Date and Time
- 3 Set-up battery test

### 4 Set-up operation with Gen-Set

### LCD-DISPLAY

UPS SERIAL NUMBER NW-nnnn	
DATE OF MANUFACTURE 15-01-2003	
EPROM VERSION V-000	
<b>DATE</b> dd-mm-yyyy	<b>TIME</b> hh:mm:ss

### LCD-DISPLAY

→ SET LANGUAGE
SET DATE AND TIME
ENGLISH
FRANCAIS
POLISH
→ SET-UP DATE/TIME
SET-UP BATT. TEST
DD-MM-YY HH-MM-SS
→ SET BATTERY TEST
SET GENERATOR OP.
DAY OF MONTH
(1-31)
HOUR OF DAY
(1-24)
REPETITIVE (Y/N)
YES/NO
→ SET GENERATOR OP.
NO MORE SETTINGS
BATT.CHARGE LOCK
YES/NO
BYPASS LOCK

#### 4.1.3.8 Set-Up Service

### DESCRIPTION

- 1 This Menu is reserved for authorized service engineers. It is not to be used by End-Users
- 2 Type in password

### LCD-DISPLAY

YES/NO

→ SET-UP SERVICE

PASSWORD

→ PASSWORD.

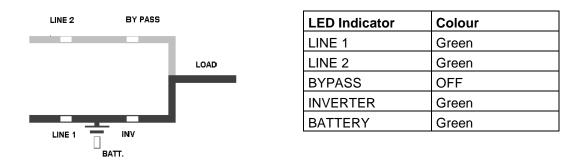
Password is necessary to enter: Service Manual

Section-4

### 4.1.4 Operating Modes

### 4.1.4.1 Mode "ON LINE" (INVERTER MODE)

The ON-LINE-Mode is the UPS-Operating Mode in which the load is supplied through the RECTIFIER and INVERTER.



Using the control panel (see figure 1.1), the UPS can easily be transferred to the ON-LINE-Mode. The ON-LINE-Mode provides the highest degree of protection, especially in the event of a mains disturbance or failure.

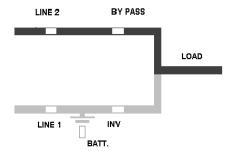
This operating mode is always recommended if the critical loads (computer systems) will not tolerate any interruption of the supply (not even the shortest).

In the unlikely event of an inverter fault or overload condition the UPS will transfer the load automatically and without interruption to the static bypass-mains supply (transfer time = 0).

### 4.1.4.2 Mode"OFF-LINE"(ECO- or BYPASS MODE)

In the "OFF-Line Mode", the load is supplied from the mains through the static bypass.

Using the control panel (see figure 1.1), the UPS may be easily transferred to "Bypass Mode".



LED Indicator	Colour
LINE 1	Green
LINE 2	Green
BYPASS	Green
INVERTER	OFF
BATTERY	Green

When the UPS is operating in "Bypass Mode", the efficiency of the system is higher. In the event of a mains failure the load will automatically be transferred from mains to inverter within 5 msec (this is valid for single and parallel systems). The battery charger remains active in the "Bypass-Mode".

The "Bypass-Mode", is recommended only if the loads can tolerate interruptions of 3-5 ms (transfer time from Bypass Mode to ON-LINE Mode).

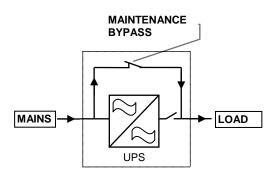


TO HAVE TO MOST ESSENTIAL SECURITY LEVEL, WE RECOMMEND TO RUN THE UPS ON NORMAL OPERATION MODE, MEANS UPS MODE.

# 4.1.4.3 "MAINTENANCE BYPASS" - Mode

The Maintenance Bypass Mode is performed by means of the IA1 BYPASS SWITCH on the front of the UPS:

POSITION OF SWITCH	EFFECT
ON	Bypass-Switch Closed (Load supplied directly from mains) LCD-indication: "MANUAL BYP IS CLOSED" LED Indicators will indicate as shown in table below.
OFF	Bypass-Switch Open – Normal operating condition (Load supplied by inverter) LCD-indication "MANUAL BYP IS OPEN" LED Indicators will indicate as shown in table below.



LED Indicator	ON	OFF
LINE 1	Green	Green
LINE 2	Green	Green
BYPASS	Green	OFF
INVERTER	RED	Green
BATTERY	Green	Green

Before transferring the load to Maintenance Bypass (IA1) always make sure all the UPS-modules are in the "Bypass-Mode" or "ECO-Mode".



ON OPERATION MODE "MANUAL BYPASS" THE LOAD IS NOT PROTECTED AGAINST ANY MAINS FAILURES OR MAINS DISTURBANCES.

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## 5.1 **OPERATION - PROCEDURES**

### 5.1.1 Start-Up Procedure



### Situation of UPS-System before switching it on:

- 1. Make sure the fuses for the supply of UPS-System in the Input Distribution Board on site are open.
- 2. Make sure all the input and output cabling has been performed correctly and check the input phase rotation.
- 3. Verify that the Maintenance Switch IA1 is open and in Position OFF.
- 4. Make sure all the internal battery fuses in the UPS (if any) and the external battery cabinets are open.

### Start up procedure of DPA UPScale <sup>™</sup>:

- Insert fuses for the supply of UPS-System in the Input Distribution

   The LED-indicators LINE 1 and battery on UPS-Module is lit green
   On LCD-Display "LOAD OFF, SUPPLY FAILURE" will appear.
- 2. UPS-Module 1:

Press both "ON/OFF" Main Buttons to switch on UPS. LED-indicator will appear as shown below:

LED Indicator	Colour
LINE 1	Green
LINE 2	Green
BYPASS	Green
INVERTER	OFF
BATTERY	Flashing Green

3. Check Command: LOAD TO INVERTER LED indicator will appear as shown below:

LED Indicator	Colour
LINE 1	Green
LINE 2	Green
BYPASS	OFF
INVERTER	Green
BATTERY	Flashing Green

- 4. Scroll through the menu measurement and check their correctness
- 5. For the other modules repeat the same procedure as for Module 1:Steps 2)-4).

- 6. Check battery polarity and voltage.
- 7. If the battery polarity and voltage is correct insert internal (if any) and external battery fuses (breakers).
- Testing of Parallel Functions
   (The load fuses in output Distribution Board are still open i.e. the loads are disconnected!).
   All UPS-Modules are on INVETER MODE
- Press simultaneously the two ON/OFF buttons on the UPS-control panel (PMD) <u>on all control panels</u> on the module to turn the modules OFF. On the LCD's message "LOAD OFF, SUPPLY FAILURE" will appear
- 10. Press simultaneously the two ON/OFF buttons on the UPS-control panel (PMD) <u>on all control panels</u> on the modules to turn the modules ON. On output Terminal Block there is now UPS power and on all LCD's: "LOAD PROTECTED" will appear.
- 11. Load transfer to Maintenance Bypass Go to Menu COMMANDS and choose command "LOAD TO BYPASS" and transfer the load to mains on control panel of any one of the UPS-modules. Close Maintenance Bypass Switch IA1 (position ON) On LCD: "MANUAL BYP IS CLOSED" will appear and the LED-indicator will indicate as shown below:

LED Indicator	Colour
LINE 1	Green
LINE 2	Green
BYPASS	Green
INVERTER	RED
BATTERY	Green

- 12. <u>Connect Load to the UPS Output</u> Insert fuses in output Distribution Board Verify on control Panel that the load is on bypass
- 13. Open Maintenance Bypass Switch IA1 On LCD: "MANUAL BYP IS OPEN" will appear followed by "LOAD NOT PROTECTED"
- 14. Check on LCD the Output Powers, Voltages Currents and Frequencies.
- 15. Load transfer to Inverter Go to Menu COMMANDS and choose command "LOAD TO INVERTER" and transfer the load to inverter on control panel of any one of the three UPS-modules. On all LCD's: "LOAD PROTECTED" will appear followed by
- 16. Check the output Voltages and Currents once again.

### THE LOAD IS NOW PROTECTED BY THE DPA UPScale <sup>™</sup>

### 5.1.2 Shutdown Procedure



### THE OPERATIONS DESCRIBED IN THIS CHAPTER MUST BE PERFORMED BY A SERVICE ENGINEER FROM THE MANUFACTURER OR FROM A AGENT AUTHORIZED BY THE MANUFACTURER.

The **DPA UPScale<sup>™</sup>** may be shutdown completely, if the load does not need input power for an extended period of time.

It may be switched to Maintenance Bypass Mode for service or maintenance purposes, or transferred to the OFF-LINE Mode (ECO-Mode), if the load does not need the highest degree of protection.

The load may be disconnected by means of the two ON/OFF (LOAD-OFF) buttons for security reasons.

### <u>Complete Shutdown procedure of DPA UPScale</u><sup>™</sup>:

Only in case there is no need to supply the load, the UPS System can be completely shutdown. The following procedures can only be executed after the load has completely been de-energized.



IN THE CASE THAT THE PARALLEL UPS SYSTEM HAS TO BE TURNED OFF, THEN BOTH ON/OFF BUTTONS ON ALL UPS MODULES HAVE TO BE PUSHED. IN THIS CASE THE POWER SUPPLY TO THE LOAD WILL BE INTERRUPTED.

- 1. Verify that the loads are shutdown and that there is no need for power supply to the load.
- If the loads are all disconnected, press simultaneously both ON/OFF-Buttons on UPS-Control Panel on all control Panels on each module.
   On the LCD: "LOAD OFF, SUPPLY FAILURE" will appear and the LED-indicator will indicate as

On the LCD: "LOAD OFF, SUPPLY FAILURE" will appear and the LED-indicator will indicate as shown below:

LED Indicator	Colour
LINE 1	Green
LINE 2	OFF
BYPASS	OFF
INVERTER	OFF
BATTERY	Green

- 3. Open battery fuses/breakers on internal (if any) and external battery cabinets or racks.
- 4. Open the mains fuses/breaker in the building distribution panel.



MAKE SURE THE INTERNAL DC-CAPACITORS (ELCO) HAVE BEEN DISCHARGED WAITING AT LEAST 10 MINUTES.

# THE DPA UPAScale <sup>™</sup> IS NOW VOLTAGE FREE.

### 5.1.3 Load Transfer: from Inverter operation to Maintenance Bypass

If it is necessary to perform service or maintenance on the UPS it is possible to transfer the UPS to MAINTENANCE BYPASS.



#### THE OPERATIONS DESCRIBED IN THIS CHAPTER MUST BE PERFORMED BY A SERVICE ENGINEER FROM THE MANUFACTURER OR FROM A AGENT AUTHORIZED BY THE MANUFACTURER.

#### Situation of UPS-System before starting the Transfer Procedure to Maintenance Bypass:

The load is protected by DPA UPScale ST running in normal operation. (The UPS-Module is operating on inverter).

- 1. Using LCD panel, select the COMMANDS menu and choose command "LOAD TO BYPASS" and transfer the load to mains on control panel of any one of the UPS-modules On LCD panel "LOAD NOT PROTECTED" will appear.
- Close Maintenance Bypass Switch IA1 (position ON).
   On LCD: "MANUAL BYP IS CLOSED" will appear and the mimic panel will show:

LED Indicator	Colour
LINE 1	Green
LINE 2	Green
BYPASS	Green
INVERTER	RED
BATTERY	Green

3. Press simultaneously the two ON/OFF buttons on the UPS-control panel (PMD) <u>on all control panels</u> <u>on the modules.</u>

On the LCD's message "LOAD OFF, SUPPLY FAILURE" will appear and the mimic panel will show:

LED Indicator	Colour
LINE 1	Green
LINE 2	OFF
BYPASS	OFF
INVERTER	OFF
BATTERY	Flashing Green

4. Open battery fuses/breakers on the internal (if any) and the external battery cabinets or racks.



### THE UPS SYSTEM IS STILL POWERED (DANGEROUS VOLTAGE).



THE LOAD IS NOW SUPPLIED BY MAINS AND IS THEREFORE NOT PROTECTED THROUGH THE UPS.

### 5.1.4 Load Transfer: from Maintenance Bypass to Inverter operations

This procedure describes the sequence of operations to be done in order to restart the UPS and restore ON-LINE mode (Load on Inverter).

$\overline{}$	WARNING!

THE OPERATIONS DESCRIBED IN THIS CHAPTER MUST BE PERFORMED BY A SERVICE ENGINEER FROM THE MANUFACTURER OR FROM A AGENT AUTHORIZED BY THE MANUFACTURER.

### Situation of UPS-System before starting the Transfer Procedure to ON-LINE mode:

The load is supplied directly by Input Mains power and the UPS is OFF.

- 1. Close battery fuses/breakers in the external battery cabinets or racks.
- 2. On the LCD's: "LOAD OFF, SUPPLY FAILURE" will appear and the mimic panel will show:

LED Indicator	Colour
LINE 1	Green
LINE 2	OFF
BYPASS	OFF
INVERTER	OFF
BATTERY	Flashing/Green

3. Press simultaneously the two ON/OFF buttons on the UPS-control panel (PMD) <u>on all control panels</u> <u>of the modules.</u>

Unit will start-up and after about 60 seconds the mimic panel will show:

LED Indicator	Colour
LINE 1	Green
LINE 2	Green
BYPASS	Green
INVERTER	RED
BATTERY	Green

- 4. Make sure that the bypass LED is green, then open the Maintenance Bypass Switch IA1 (position OFF).
- 5. Using LCD panel, select the COMMANDS menu and choose command "LOAD TO INVERTER". This will transfer the LOAD to Inverter on the complete system (all units). On LCD panel "LOAD PROTECTED" will appear.

### THE LOAD IS NOW SUPPLIED BY INVERTER POWER AND IS PROTECTED

### 5.2 REPLACEMENT OF UPS-MODULE

### 5.2.1 Replacement of UPS-Module in <u>Single-Module</u> Systems



### 5.2.1.1 How to Extract a UPS-Module in <u>SINGLE MODULE Systems</u>

<u>A</u>	The weight of a UPS module can reach 22kg, therefore it can be lifted by 1 person. We recommend two persons for carrying the module.
WARNING!	Potential dangers:
	the ups module due to its weight, if removed inappropriately, can cause serious injury or damage should the module fall down.
	note: we recommend that the modules are handled by two persons.
	SUITABLE LIFTING TOOLS RESPECTIVELY SAFEGUARD PLATFORMS AGAINST EVT. FALL DOWN ARE TO BE PLANNED.

If your **DPA UPScale<sup>™</sup>** consists of only one single UPS-Module then perform following steps to extract the module:

- 1. Reset the Alarm on faulty Module. The audible noise will stop. If the Alarm condition persists (the LED-Indicator ALARM will remain red) it means that there is a fault in the UPS-Module.
- If the load is supplied by the mains in Bypass-Mode (Eco-Mode) the Maintenance Bypass (IA1) may be closed by turning it to position "ON".
   <u>NOTE:</u> If the load is on inverter, then before closing the Maintenance Bypass IA1, transfer load to bypass by means of the command "LOAD TO BYPASS" in submenu COMMANDS. On LCD: "LOAD NOT PROTECTED" will appear.
- Close Maintenance Bypass Switch IA1 (position ON) On LCD: "MANUAL BYP IS CLOSED" will appear and the LED-indicator will indicate as shown below:

LED Indicator	Colour
LINE 1	Green
LINE 2	Green
BYPASS	Green
INVERTER	RED
BATTERY	Green

The load is now directly supplied by mains and is not protected



# THE LOAD IS NOW DIRECTLY SUPPLIED BY MAINS AND IS NOT PROTECTED.

- 4. Press both ON/OFF Buttons on UPS-Module simultaneously;
- 5. Open battery fuses/breakers on the internal (if any) and the external battery cabinet or rack;
- 6. Unscrew the two screws on the front side of the module that are fixing it to the UPS-frame;
- 7. Pull Module only partly horizontally by means of the 2 black handles until the rear connectors are disconnected.



THE LOAD IS NOW DIRECTLY SUPPLIED BY MAINS AND IS NOT PROTECTED.



### BEFORE DRAWING THE UPS-MODULE COMPLETELY OUT, WAIT 2 MINUTES UNTIL THE INTERNAL DC-CAPACITORS ARE DISCHARGED.

- 8. Draw UPS-Module by pulling it out horizontally:
  - **NOTE:** We recommend 2 persons for pulling out the module from the UPS-Frame. The weight of a of UPScale M10 is 18.5 kg, M20 module is 21.5kg)
- 9. Insert new UPS-Module or cover the opening (UPS-Module Compartment) with appropriate protection cover immediately and fix with two screws.



WHILE THE UPS IS OPERATING IN THE MAINTENANCE BYPASS-MODE THE LOAD IS NOT PROTECTED AND IN THE EVENT OF A MAINS FAILURE THE LOAD SUPPLY WILL BE INTERRUPTED AND THE LOAD WILL CRASH.

### 5.2.1.2 How to Fit Back a UPS-Module in <u>SINGLE-MODULE-Systems</u>

If your **DPA UPScale**<sup>™</sup> consists of only one single UPS-Module then perform following steps to fit back the new module:

- 1. Remove UPS-Module compartment protection cover by unscrewing two screws on the front.
- 2. Slide two thirds of UPS-Module into dedicated UPS-compartment (make sure not to plug the UPS-Module into the rear connector).

Push UPS-module to its final position and push strongly to assure good contact on the rear plugs. **NOTE:** We recommend 2 persons for pulling out the module from the UPS-Frame. The weight of a of UPScale M10 is 18.5 kg, M20 module is 21.5kg)

3. Tighten the two screws on the front of module.

### Section-5

- 4. Check if the LED LINE1 and battery is green. If yes, mains voltage is OK;
- 5. Close internal and external battery fuses/breaker (if available);
- 6. Press simultaneously both "ON/OFF" Buttons to start-up UPS. LCD panel must display: LED-indicator will appear as shown below:

LED Indicator	Colour
LINE 1	Green
LINE 2	Green
BYPASS	Green
INVERTER	OFF
BATTERY	Green

- 7. Open Maintenance Bypass (IA1) by turning it to position "OFF". The load is now supplied by the static bypass.
- 8. Transfer load to mains and inverter for testing using submenu COMMANDS
- 9. Transfer load to Inverter-Mode by means of COMMAND "LOAD TO INVERTER". On LCD: "LOAD PROTECTED" will appear.

### THE LOAD IS NOW PROTECTED BY THE DPA UPSCALE ST

### 5.2.2 Replacement of UPS-Module in Redundant Multi-Module System



THE WEIGHT OF A UPS MODULE CAN REACH 22KG, THEREFORE IT IS RECOMMENDED TO BE LIFTED BY 2 PERSONS. THE MODULE SHALL NEVER BE CARRIED BY ONE PERSON ONLY.



#### MAKE SURE THE INTERNAL DC-CAPACITORS (ELCO) HAVE BEEN DISCHARGED WAITING AT LEAST 10 MINUTES. HOW TO EXTRACT A MODULE IN REDUNDANT MULTI-MODULE SYSTEM

### 5.2.2.1 How to Extract a Module in Redundant Multi-Module System

If in a redundant parallel system a UPS-module is faulty, the load will continue to be protected by the operating modules On-Line-Mode (Inverter-Mode) and the faulty Module may be replaced without having to transfer the load to bypass!

To extract the faulty module from the UPS-Frame in a <u>Redundant Multi- Module Configuration</u> proceed as follows:

- 1. Identify the faulty Module with the Alarm condition and RESET the Alarm. The audible noise will stop. If the Alarm conditions persists (the LED-Indicator ALARM is red) there is a fault in the UPS-Module.
- 2. Verify that load is supplied by inverter of the other modules running by checking the LCD indication LOAD PROTECTED. Verify load measures on the operating modules.
- Turn the faulty module OFF by pressing simultaneously both "ON/OFF" buttons. On the LCD: "LOAD OFF, SUPPLY FAILURE" should appear and the LED-indicator will indicate as shown below:

LED Indicator	Colour
LINE 1	Green
LINE 2	OFF
BYPASS	OFF
INVERTER	OFF
BATTERY	Flashing Green

- 4. Remove the two fixation screws and slide out the UPS-Module (10cm) This operation will disconnect module by the power connection located on the back of the cabin.
- 5. Pull the module out.

# ATTENTION: BEFORE DRAWING THE UPS-MODULE COMPLETELY OUT, WAIT 2 MINUTES UNTIL THE INTERNAL DC-CAPACITORS ARE DISCHARGED.

**NOTE:** We recommend 2 persons for pulling out the module from the UPS-Frame. The weight of a of UPScale M10 is 18.5 kg, M20 module is 21.5kg)

6. Screw the protection cover on the empty area left empty by the module with the two fixation screws.

### 5.2.2.2 How to insert a module in a Redundant Multi Module System



### THE WEIGHT OF A UPS MODULE CAN REACH 22KG, THEREFORE IT IS RECOMMENDED TO BE LIFTED BY 2 PERSONS. THE MODULE SHALL NEVER BE CARRIED BY ONE PERSON ONLY

In a Redundant Parallel system one module can be re-introduced on its original location without affecting normal system operation. Load will be protected by the other modules running ON-LINE.

Module must be previously set according to system personalization. Please make sure with your nearest service centre for correct settings.

- 1. Remove the protection cover by unscrewing the two fixation screws on the front.
- 2. Lift the module to its destination position. See above note concerning weights.
- 3. Slide two thirds of UPS module into dedicated compartment (make sure not to plug the UPS-Module into the rear connector).

Push UPS-module to its final position and push strongly to assure good contact on the rear plugs. Tighten the two screws on the front of module;

 Check if LED LINE1 and battery is green. If yes, mains voltage is OK; On the LCD: "LOAD OFF, SUPPLY FAILURE" will appear and the LED-indicator will indicate as shown below:

LED Indicator	Colour
LINE 1	Green
LINE 2	OFF
BYPASS	OFF
INVERTER	RED
BATTERY	Flashing Green

- 5. Close internal and/or external battery fuses/breaker of the new Module
- 6. Press both "ON/OFF" Buttons simultaneously to start-up UPS.
- 7. Module will restart automatically connecting load to inverter and run in parallel with other ON LINE modules. LCD panel must show LOAD PROTECTED indication.

### THE LOAD IS NOW PROTECTED BY THE DPA UPScale <sup>™</sup>

## 5.2.3 Replacement of a Module in Capacity Multi-Module System



THE WEIGHT OF A UPS MODULE CAN REACH 22KG, THEREFORE IT IS RECOMMENDED TO BE LIFTED BY 2 PERSONS. THE MODULE SHALL NEVER BE CARRIED BY ONE PERSON ONLY

### 5.2.3.1 How to Extract a Module in a Capacity Multi-Module System

If in capacity parallel system a UPS-Module experiences a fault and there is not enough capacity left to protect the load by the remaining operating UPS-Modules, the load will automatically be transferred to bypass (Bypass-Mode or Eco-Mode) and will continue to be supplied by the mains power supply.

To extract the faulty module from the UPS-Frame in a <u>Capacity Multi-Module System</u> proceed as follows:

- 1. Identify the faulty Module with the Alarm condition and RESET the Alarm. The audible noise will stop. If the Alarm conditions persists (the LED-Indicator ALARM is red) there is a fault in the UPS-Module.
- 2. Verify that the load is on Bypass and is supplied by the mains power (Bypass-Mode or Eco-Mode) on all UPS-Modules; in the majority of the events the LED-indicators on Control Panel of the Faulty Module will show:

LED Indicator	Colour	
LINE 1	Green	
LINE 2	Green	
BYPASS	Green	
INVERTER	RED	
BATTERY	Green	

3. Whereas the LED-indicators on the Control Panels of the other Operating Modules will show

LED Indicator	Colour	
LINE 1	Green	
LINE 2	Green	
BYPASS	Green	
INVERTER	OFF	
BATTERY	Green	

- 4. Close Maintenance Bypass Switch IA1 (position ON)
- 5. On LCD: "MANUAL BYP IS CLOSED" will appear and the LED-indicator will indicate as shown below:

LED Indicator	Colour
LINE 1	Green
LINE 2	Green
BYPASS	Green
INVERTER	RED
BATTERY	Green

### The load is now directly supplied by mains and is not protected

- 6. Press both ON/OFF Buttons on UPS-Module to be replaced simultaneously;
- 7. Open corresponding battery fuses
- 8. Remove the two fixation screws and slide out the UPS-Module (10cm) This operation will disconnect module by the power connection located on the back of the cabin.

# <u>ATTENTION:</u> BEFORE DRAWING THE UPS-MODULE COMPLETELY OUT, WAIT 2 MINUTES UNTIL THE INTERNAL DC-CAPACITORS ARE DISCHARGED.

- 9. Draw UPS-Module by pulling it out horizontally:
  - **NOTE:** We recommend 2 persons for pulling out the module from the UPS-Frame. The weight of a of UPScale M10 is 18.5 kg, M20 module is 21.5kg)
- 10. Insert new UPS-Module or cover the opening (UPS-Module Compartment) with appropriate protection cover immediately and fix with two screws.



### MAKE SURE THE INTERNAL DC-CAPACITORS (ELCO) HAVE BEEN DISCHARGED WAITING AT LEAST 10 MINUTES



# THE LOAD IS NOW DIRECTLY SUPPLIED BY MAINS AND IS NOT PROTECTED

### 5.2.3.2 How to Fit Back a Module in a Capacity Multi-Module System

To replace a Faulty Module in a Capacity Multi-Module System perform following steps:

1. Remove UPS-Module compartment protection cover by unscrewing two screws on the front.

Slide two thirds of UPS-Module into dedicated UPS-compartment (make sure not to plug the UPS-Module into the rear connector).

Push UPS-module to its final position and push strongly to assure good contact on the rear plugs. <u>NOTE:</u> We recommend 2 persons for pulling out the module from the UPS-Frame. The weight of a of UPScale M10 is 18.5 kg, M20 module is 21.5kg)

- 2. Tighten the two screws on the front of module;
- Check if LED LINE1 and battery are green.
   On the LCD: "LOAD OFF, SUPPLY FAILURE" will appear and the LED-indicator will indicate as shown below:

LED Indicator	Colour
LINE 1	Green
LINE 2	OFF
BYPASS	OFF
INVERTER	OFF
BATTERY	Flashing Green

- 4. Close internal and/or external battery fuses/breaker of the new Module
- 5. Press both "ON/OFF" Buttons simultaneously to start-up UPS module.
- 6. All modules shall show to be in

LED Indicator	Colour	
LINE 1	Green	
LINE 2	Green	
BYPASS	Green	
INVERTER	OFF	
BATTERY	Green	

- 7. Open Maintenance Bypass (IA1) by turning it to position "OFF". The load is now supplied by the static bypass of all three Modules. Check LED-indicators on control panels.
- 8. Transfer load to Inverter-Mode by means of COMMAND "LOAD TO INVERTER" on any one of control panels. On LCD: "LOAD PROTECTED" will appear and the LED-indicator will indicate as shown below:

LED Indicator	Colour
LINE 1	Green
LINE 2	Green
BYPASS	OFF
INVERTER	Green
BATTERY	Green

# THE LOAD IS NOW PROTECTED BY THE DPA UPScale <sup>™</sup>

### Section-6

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# 6.1 MULTI-CABINET CONFIGURATION (NOT AVAILABLE)

## 6.1.1 Concept of Multi-Cabinet Configuration

The **DPA UPSCALE**<sup>™</sup> Cabinets can not be paralleled and wherefore the chapter 6 is obsolete .

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Section-7

### 7.1 MAINTENANCE

### 7.1.1 Introduction



### THE OPERATIONS DESCRIBED IN THIS CHAPTER MUST BE PERFORMED BY A SERVICE ENGINEER FROM THE MANUFACTURER OR FROM A AGENT AUTHORIZED BY THE MANUFACTURER.

To ensure an optimum operation of the **DPA UPSCALE**<sup>™</sup> and a continuous and efficient protection of the connected load it is recommended to check the batteries every 6 months, depending on the ambiance temperature.

### 7.1.2 User Responsibilities

There are no user serviceable parts contained within the UPS so the maintenance responsibilities of the user are minimal. To maximize the useful working life and reliability of the UPS and its batteries, the environment in which the UPS operates should be kept cool, dry, dust and vibration free. The batteries should be hold fully charged.

### 7.1.3 Routine Maintenance

The UPS is designed to receive regular preventative maintenance inspections. These preventative maintenance inspections are essential to ensure that both the useful working life and the reliability of the UPS are maximized. When the UPS is commissioned, the commissioning field service engineer will attach a service record book to the front of the UPS and this will be used to record the full service history of the UPS. Preventative maintenance inspections involve working inside the UPS, which contains hazardous AC and DC voltages. Only NEWAVE trained or agreed service personnel and authorized field service engineers are fully aware of all of the hazardous areas within the UPS.

During a preventative maintenance inspection the field service engineer will carry out the following checks:

- Site/enivrement conditions;
- Integrity of electrical installation;
- Cooling airflow;
- Rectifier operation and calibration;
- Inverter operation and calibration;
- Static switch operation;
- Battery status;
- Load characteristics;
- Integrity of alarm and monitoring systems;
- Operation of all installed options

### 7.1.4 Battery Test

The battery test takes approx. 3 minutes and should be performed only if:

- there are no alarm conditions
- the battery is fully charged
- mains is present.

The battery testing can be carried out independently of the operation mode (OFF-LINE or ON-LINE) and whether or not the load is connected. The battery test procedure can be performed from the UPS front panel. See "Operation" section 4 / 1.3.5.

### 7.1.5 Battery Maintenance

The battery maintenance shall be done by an authorized Newave Service Partner.

### 7.1.6 Battery Disposal and recycling

Batteries contain dangerous substances that will harm the environment if thrown away. If you change the batteries yourself, call qualified organizations for battery disposal and recycling.



Section-7

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### Section-8

# **CONTENTS SECTION-8**

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# 8.1 TROUBLESHOOTING



### THE OPERATIONS DESCRIBED IN THIS CHAPTER MUST BE PERFORMED BY A SERVICE ENGINEER FROM THE MANUFACTURER OR FROM A AGENT AUTHORIZED BY THE MANUFACTURER.

### 8.1.1 Alarms

In the event of an alarm condition the red LED-Indicator "Alarm" and the audible alarm will turn on. In this case proceed as follows:

- 1. Silence the audible alarm by pressing the button "Reset".
- 2. Identify the cause of the alarm condition by means of the EVENT LOG in the MAIN menu.
- 3. In case of doubts please contact the nearest Service centre.
- 4. Fault identification and rectification information is given on the following pages.

### 8.1.2 Menu, Commands, Event Log And Measurements

In section 4 there is a detailed description of the Menu, Commands, Event Log and Measurements that can be operated and displayed on the LCD. The List of Alarms and Messages are shown below.

### 8.1.3 Fault Identification and Rectification

The major alarm conditions that will be encountered are:

Alarm Condition	Meaning	Suggested Solution	
	Mains power supply is outside prescribed	The input power to UPS is too low or missing.	
MAINS RECT. FAULT	tolerance.	If site power appears to be OK, check the input circuit breakers etc. supplying the UPS.	
	Mains power supply is outside prescribed	The input power to UPS is too low or missing.	
MAINS BYP FAULT	tolerance.	If site power appears to be OK, check the input circuit breakers etc. supplying the UPS.	
OUTPUT SHORT	There is a short circuit at the output of UPS (on load side).	Check all output connections and repair as required.	
OVERLOAD	Load average the LIPS rated newsr	Identify which piece of equipment is causing the overloa and remove it from the UPS.	
OVERLOAD	Load exceeds the UPS rated power.	Do not connect laser printers, photocopiers, electric heaters, kettles etc. to the UPS.	
TEMPERATURE HIGH	UPS temperature has exceeded the	Check that the ambient temperature of the UPS is less than 40° C.	
I EMPERATORE HIGH	allowed value.	If the ambient temperature is normal call the authorised service centre for assistance.	
INV. PHASE FAULT	Inverter is faulty.	Call the authorised service centre for assistance.	
SYNCHRON. FAULT The inverter and mains are not synchronised.		The frequency of the input voltage to the UPS is outside operational limits and the UPS static bypass has been temporarily disabled.	
BATTERY IN DISCHARGE Battery is near end of autonomy.		Shutdown load connected to UPS before the UPS switches itself off to protect its batteries.	
MANUAL BYP IS         Maintenance Bypass closed. Load           CLOSED         supplied by mains.		This alarm is only displayed if the UPS is on Maintenance Bypass.	

In case of alarms not included in the list above, please contact the nearest authorised service centre for assistance.

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## 9.1 OPTIONS

### 9.1.1 Introduction

The **DPA UPSCALE**<sup>™</sup> is provided with the following accessories:

- REMOTE SHUT DOWN FACILITIES
- GENERATOR ON FACILITIES
- 1 CUSTOMER IN FUNTIONS (ON REQUEST)
- TEMPERATURE SENSOR FOR TEMP. DEPENDING BATTERY CHARGERING
- SOFTWARE FOR AUTOMATIC SHUTDOWN AND MONITORING
- SNMP INTERFACES FOR NETWORK MANAGEMENT AND REMOTE MONITORING

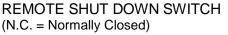
### 9.1.2 Remote SHUT DOWN

The REMOTE SHUT DOWN **must** use a normally closed contact, which opens to operate the remode shut down sequence.

The remote shutdown on terminal port X1/7.. X1/8 is located at the bottom of the **DPA UPSCALE**<sup>TM</sup> frame on communication card with terminal blocks X1 ...X2. See section 3 / 1.2.1 for details.

In order to allow removal, maintenance or testing of any remote shut down facility without disturbing the normal operation of the UPS, it is recommended that a terminal block, with linking facilities, be installed between the UPS and the stop button.

- 1. Use a screened cable with 1 pair (section of wires 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>) and maximum length of 100 m.
- 2. Connect the cable as shown in Fig. 1.2



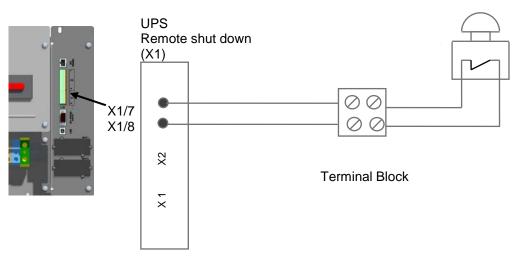


Fig 1.2 Drawing of the wiring for the REMOTE SHUT DOWN SWITCH.

### 9.1.3 Generator ON Facilities

The Generator ON facility must use a normally open contact that closes to indicate that a generator is running and supplying input power to UPS. It is located at the bottom of the **DPA UPSCALE**<sup>™</sup> frame on communication card with terminal blocks X1 ...X2. See section 3 / 1.2.1 for details

When used, this facility disables the UPS static bypass and prevents the UPS from transferring the load onto the generator power supply.

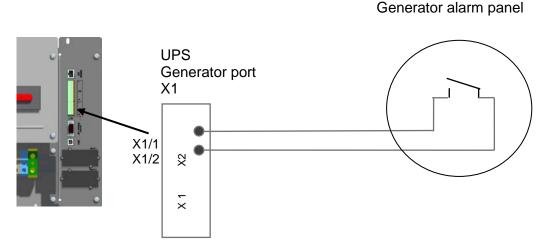


Figure 1.3: Generator ON Connection

### 9.1.4 Wavemon Shutdown and ManagementSoftware

### 9.1.4.1 Why is UPS Management important?

By combining a UPS with network management products, such as an SNMP protocol, System-administrators are guaranteed their data and their system will constantly be protected from corruption or data loss even in the event of an extended power failure or when batteries reach a critical low state. In the event of a power disturbance system administrators can also monitor their network from a central location, allowing an early detection of problems. In fact utility power is unreliable at times, ensuring that all network systems have constant power can be a difficult task. The situation becomes even more complex if systems are managed across a Local Area Network (LAN) or Wide Area Network (WAN) around the world.

When a power failure occurs action can be taken to protect the system and its valuable data. If no action is initiated by the operator, this event can seriously damage the system. The UPS software will react automatically in such a case and shutdown the operating system. NEWAVE has found it important to have a complete solution for its UPS and is able to offer a wide range of monitoring/remote controls for assuring the maximum protection degree to the NEWAVE customers.

### 9.1.4.2 WAVEMON Shutdown and Monitoring Software

**WAVEMON Software** is an external monitoring and shutdown software which was designed to operate with all NEWAVE UPS products, both with the DRY PORT (Relays) on Terminal block X1 and RS232 port JD1 on the communication card

The software packet consists of a CD ROM for most diffused operating systems (Windows, Unix, OS/2, DEC VMS, Novell, Apple), a standard connection and a user manual.

The dry port X2...X4 with voltage-free contacts may also be used for automatic shutdown in connection with **WAVEMON Software**. It is necessary to provide a cable of 0.5 mm2 to connect Terminals X1 of the UPS and the serial port of the server.

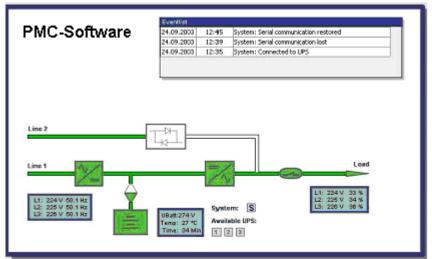


Figure 1.4.2. Monitoring image.

The main characteristics of WAVEMON Software are:

- Automatic unattended master/slave shutdown in heterogeneous networks
- On-screen autonomy time / battery time countdown
- On-screen server log off and shutdown procedure
- Extensive logging of all UPS activity and power quality data, with timestamp
- Scheduled UPS economy mode, service mode, other systems status
- Graphical user interface for Windows compatible platforms
- Automatic unattended local shutdown
- Special software modules to close and save open MS-Office documents.
- Compatible for all optional modules like UPSDIALER, SNMP adapters, Temperature sensors, etc.

The UPS-Management Software is a client-/server-application for networks and local workstations. Basically **WAVEMON-Software** consists of two parts: the server-module of the UPS-Management Software is **UPSServ**, which communicates via RS-232 cable with the UPS. Working as a background process the UPSServ collects messages, received from the UPS. The UPSServ interprets received messages and makes them available to the client-module **UPSCIi** and to any SNMP-based management station.

When UPSServ detects voltage variations or a power failure it can execute various so called system "event routines", which for example may shutdown the server or send warning to connected users. These system event routines which are a part of the UPS-Management Software can be adjusted to your demands.

The UPS management software includes with every serial number the licence for using the UPS service on <u>one</u> server with <u>one</u> UPS and an unlimited numbers of connected WINDOWS workstations. When operating with two or more servers a licence for every additional server is required. It doesn't matter if the UPS service runs at that location or if the server is halted by a UPS service via remote command. The same regulations are applicable to the use of remote send/receive modules RCCMD and multiserver shutdown under NT, UNIX and other operating systems. The service programs are generally delivered as a single-licence. To use a single CD ROM to shutdown multiple servers you have to purchase additional CD license keys.

Parallel/redundant UPS systems are also manageable by the software.

The main principle is: let introduce a shutdown of a Server only when strictly necessary. A correct Parallel Handling has therefore to manage a parallel system as a whole and always considering redundancy. Following statements apply:

- Every alarm on any unit is immediately notified, but ...
- ... a reaction to a severe fault is introduced only when the minimum number of UPS –Modules necessary to supply the load exhibits an alarming situation.
- The real Battery autonomy time of the (whole) parallel system is computed continuously.
- Maintenance on a redundant unit may be executed without annoyance to the management system (supervisor).

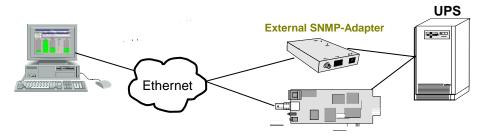
In order to be managed, a NEWAVE UPS can be integrated into a network in two ways:

- 1. By means of the server which is being powered by the UPS and is integrated in the network. In most of the cases the server is used as sub-agent and you only need the PMC-Software without any SNMP Adapter. You need a standard <u>serial</u> connection between the RS232 JD1 port of the UPS and the RS232 port of the computer/server.
- In some situations it is preferable to interface the network via an SNMP adapter. By this way up to 50 computers can be shut down in a RCCMD environment. RCCMD (Remote Console Command) is an additional software module, which can be triggered by the SNMP device to executes a command (typically a shutdown command) on a remote system.

### 9.1.5 SNMP CARD/ADAPTER For Network Management /Remote Monitoring

The **S**imple **N**etwork **M**anagement **P**rotocol (SNMP) is a worldwide-standardized communication-protocol. It is used to monitor any device in the network via simple control language. The UPS-Management Software also provides its data in this SNMP format with its internal software agent. The operating system you are using must support the SNMP protocol. We offer our software with SNMP functionality for Novell, OS/2, all Windows running on INTEL and ALPHA, DEC VMS, Apple.

Two types of SNMP interfaces with identical functionality are available: an external SNMP-Adapter (Box) and an internal SNMP-Card. Both can manage a parallel system (N modules) and return either global values - which are consistent for the <u>whole</u> parallel system - or specific values from the single modules.



### Figure 1.5 SNMP Adapter

Internal SNMP-Card

The adapter may be configured via Telnet, HTTP (Web-Browser) or serial connection (Terminal). For normal operation at least one network connection (Ethernet) is required.

The SNMP adapter can be used, utilising the RCCMD send function, for an automatic network wide shut down or just for informing connected users. The shut down procedure can be initiated on a low residual battery autonomy time (downtime) or by a countdown timer which is started at the beginning of the alarm. A shut down is therefore possible without extra input from the operator, and is fully software controlled.

The small (125x70 mm) External SNMP adapter comes with following interfaces:

- 1. RJ-45 connector for 10/100 Base-T (autoswitchable)
- 2. Serial Port for configuration (COM2) or optional ModBus interface.
- 3. Error/Link LED for UPS status
- 4. Aux Port
- 5. DIP Switch
- 6. Serial Port to the UPS (COM1)
- 7. DC Supply (9 VDC or 9-36 VDC supply, depending on model);

Figure 1.5.1 External SNMP Adapter



The Internal SNMP-Card can be inserted into an appropriate extension slot of the **PMC**. This adapter communicates via the serial port of the UPS and makes a direct multiple server shut down possible without additional SNMP management software.

Figure 1.5.2 Internal SNMP Adapter

For detailed information please see Software Manual provided with the PMC-Software CD ROM.**RCCMD** - **Remote Console Command module** for a multi-server shutdown. This stand-alone software module is designed to receive and execute a command issued by a remote device. Thanks to RCCMD it is possible to execute a shutdown in an heterogeneous multiplatform network. The new release RCCMD2 is an application available for all Operating Systems, analogous to PMC-Software. Our SNMP Interfaces are compatible to RCCMD.

# DPA UPSCALE<sup>™</sup> ST 10 – 200 kW Technical Specifications





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### 10.1 DPA UPScale ST SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

In environments that demand zero downtime, continuous power protection availability is essential. In order to respond to today's dynamic IT and process-related environments that experience daily change through new server technologies, migration and centralization, resilient and easily adaptable power protection concepts are required. DPA UPScale is the foundation for continuous power protection availability of network-critical infrastructures in enterprise data centers where business continuity has paramount importance and in process control environment where manufacturing continuity is essential.

DPA UPScale's is a second generation high-power-density (HPD), leading-edge double-conversion power protection technology that has standardized on a modular component approach which helps speed deployment, improve adaptability and increase system availability while reducing total cost of ownership.

DPA UPScale's is a unique on-demand architecture that integrates the power rack, power distribution unit, back-up battery rack and monitoring and management solutions to allow easy selection of optimized configurations.

DPA UPScale's (Distributed Parallel Architecture) provides highest availability, unmatched flexibility and at the same time lowest cost of ownership in IT environments.

This Technical Specification provides detailed technical information on the mechanical, electrical and environmental performance of the DPA UPScale model types that can support to give answers to tender and enduser requirements. The DPA UPScale family was designed to respond to the most stringent safety. EMC and other important UPS standards. DPA UPScale family is offered in two types of solutions:

DPA UPScale ST is a rack-mounted modular design offering 5 types of Racks (Frames) types. This solution can accommodate 2 types of DPA UPScale Rack based Modules for a wide range of power requirements:

### DPA UPScale ST (standard) frames:

- DPA UPScale ST 40 (40kW)
- DPA UPScale ST 60 (60kW)
- DPA UPScale ST 80 (80kW)
- DPA UPScale ST 120 (120kW)
- DPA UPScale ST 200 (200kW)

### DPA UPScale Modules types:

- UPScale M 10 (10kW)
- UPScale M 20 (20kW)

### Key Features of DPA UPScale ST:

•	Highest Availability Modular, Decentralized Parallel Architecture (DPA)	Near-zero down time
•	High Power Density (up to 472 kW / m <sup>2</sup> ), Small Footprint	Space-saving of expensive floor space
•	Unity Output Power Factor Full power for loads with unity PF	No de-rating for loads with Unity PF
•	Highest Efficiency even with partial loads Efficiency = 94.5 - 95.5% for loads 25-100% (depending on Module power and type of load)	Energy cost saving during UPS-life-cycle

Very low input current distortion THDi THDi =<3.0% @ 100 % load

Gen-set power and installation cost saving

## **10.2 TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

### 10.2.1 MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS FRAMES AND MODULES

DPA UPScale	unit	ST 40	ST 60	ST 80	ST 120	ST 200
DPA UPScale ST FRAMES						
Configuration		2 modules (10 or 20kW)	3 modules (10 or 20kW)	4 modules (10 or 20kW)	6 modules (10 or 20kW)	10 modules (10 or 20kW)
Accommodates Maximal		and 80 x 7/9Ah batteries	and 240 x 7/9Ah batteries	and NO batteries	and NO batteries	and NO batteries
Max. Power connection	kW	40	60	80	120	200
Dimensions (WxHxD)	mm	550x1135x770	550x1975x770	550x1135x770	550x1975x770	
Weight empty frame w/o modules w/o batteries	kg	92	173	82	133	174
Weight of Frame with modules and w/o batteries	kg	130 - 136	229 - 238	157 - 169	245 - 263	360 - 389
Audible noise at 1m from front, 100% / 50% Load, 20kW modules	dBA	66 / 60 <sup>1)</sup> <sup>1)</sup> approx.	66 / 60 <sup>1)</sup>	68 / 62 <sup>1)</sup>	68 / 62 <sup>1)</sup>	70 / 64 <sup>1)</sup>
Color		Graphite grey (Pulverlacke No. 4222903402 serie 09RCCAT1)				

unit	UPScale M 10	UPScale M 20		
kW	10	20		
No.	20 <sup>2)</sup> - 50 30 <sup>2)</sup> - 50			
mm	488x132x540 (3 HU)			
kg	18.6 21.5			
	RAL 7016 (front)			
	kW No. mm kg	kW       10         No.       20 <sup>2)</sup> - 50         mm       488x132x540 (3 HU)         kg       18.6		

<sup>2</sup> Depending of the effective load in kW used by the module (see chapter 10.4 Battery Characteristics)

# **10.3 INPUT CHARACTERISTICS**

Module type	unit	UPScale M 10	UPScale M 20		
Module rated power	kW	10	20		
Nominal Input Voltage	V	3x380/220V+N, 3x400V/230V	+N, 3x415/240V+N		
Input Voltage Tolerance (ref to 3x400/230V) for Loads in %:	V	(-26%/+15%) 3x280/170 V to 3	(-20%/+15%) 3x308/184 V to 3x460/264 V for <100 % load (-26%/+15%) 3x280/170 V to 3x460/264 V for < 80 % load (-35%/+15%) 3x240/150 V to 3x460/264 V for < 60 % load		
Input Frequency	Hz	35 – 70			
Input Power Factor	-	0.99 @ 100 % load			
Inrush Current	Α	max. In			
Total harmonic distortion (THDi)	%	< 4.5	< 3.0		
Max. input power with rated output power (cosphi = 1.0), rated input voltage and charged battery <b>per Module</b>	kW	10.5 21			
Max. Input Current with rated output power (cosphi = 1.0), rated input voltage and charged battery <b>per Module</b>	А	15.2	30.4		
Max. Input Power with rated output power (cosphi = 1.0), rated input voltage and discharged battery <b>per Module</b>	kW	11.5	23		
Max. Input Current with rated output power (cosphi = 1.0), rated input voltage and discharged battery <b>per Module</b>	А	16.6	33.3		

# 10.4 BATTERY CHARACTERISTICS

Module type	unit	UPScale M 10	UPScale M 20	
Battery Type	-	Maintenance free VRLA or NiCd		
Allowed nr. VRLA 12V battery blocks	-	30 <sup>2)</sup> - 50	40 <sup>2)</sup> - 50	
Allowed nr. of 1.2V NiCd cells	-	200 <sup>2)</sup> - 500	300 <sup>2)</sup> - 500	
Maximum charging current per module	А	4 (6 on request)		
Battery Charging Curve	-	Ripple free ; IU (DIN 41773)		
Temperature compensation	-	Standard (temp. sensor optional)		
Battery Test	-	Automatic and periodically (adjustable)		

Model	ST 40	ST 60	ST 80	ST 120	ST 200
Battery configuration	Common battery or separate battery for each module				Common battery or separate battery for two modules coupled.

<sup>2)</sup> Depending of the effective autonomy (see table here below)

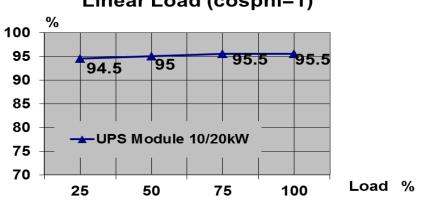
Module type	M10	M20
5 min autonomy: min. number of 12V batt. blocks	30	40
any autonomy: min. number of 12V batt. blocks	34	48

### 10.5 OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

Module type	unit	UPScale M 10 UPScale M 20			
Output rated apparent power (cosphi 0.8)	kVA	10 20			
Output rated active power (cosphi 1.0)	KW	10 20			
Output nominal current (In) at 230VAC ph-N and cosphi 1.0	A	14.5 29			
Output Rated Voltage	V	3x380/220V or 3x400/230V or 3x415/240V			
Output Voltage Stability	%	Static:         < +/- 1			
Output Voltage Distortion	%	With Linear Load< 1.5			
Output Frequency	Hz	50 Hz or 60 Hz			
Output Frequency Tolerance	%	Synchronized with mains< +/- 2(selectable for bypass operation)or< +/- 4	%		
Efficiency AC-AC (at cosphi 1.0) (tolerance +/- 0.5% applies on all figures)	%	Load : 100% 75% 50% 25% M20&M10: 95.5 95.5 95 94.5			
Bypass operation		At Nominal Input voltage of 3x400 V +/- 15 or 190 V to 264 V ph-N	%		
Permissible Unbalanced Load (All 3 phases regulated independently)	%	100%			
Phase Angle Tolerance (With 100 % Unbalanced load)	0	<2			
Overload Capability on Inverter	%	125 % load         10 mi           150 % load         60 set			
Output short capability on inverter (RMS)	А	3.0xln during 40 ms 2.25xln during 40 ms			
Output short capability on static bypass (RMS)	А	10xIn during 20 ms			
Static bypass transfer time: inverter → bypass / bypass → inverter / in eco-mode	ms	<1 / <5 / <6			

#### 10.5.1 GRAPH: AC – AC EFFICIENCY with Linear load @ cosphi 1

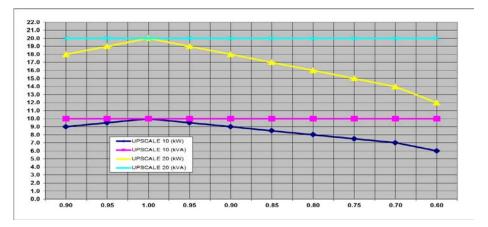
Tolerance +/- 0.5% applies on all figures. Efficiency up to 1 % higher with output PF cosphi 0.8 Details refer to paragraph 10.7 Environmental Characteristics



# Linear Load (cosphi=1)

#### 10.5.2 GRAPH:

# Output Power in kW and kVA VERSUS cosphi



		UPScale Module M-10			e Module 20
cosφ		kW	kVA	kW	kVA
	0.9	9	10	18	20
	0.95	9.5	10	19	20
unity	1	10	10	20	20
	0.95	10	10	19	20
	0.9	9	10	18	20
	0.85	8.5	10	17	20
lnd.	0.8	8	10	16	20
_	0.75	7.5	10	15	20
	0.7	7	10	14	20
	0.6	6	10	12	20

10.6 ENVIRONMENTAL CHARACTERISTICS			
Module type	unit	UPScale M 10	UPScale M 20
Module rated power		10	20
Operation temperature	°C	0 - 40	
Ambient Temperature for Batteries (recommended)	°C	20 - 25	
Storage Temperature	°C	-25 - +70	
Battery Storage Time at Ambient Temperature		Max. 6 months	
Max. altitude (above sea level) without de-rating	m/feet	1000 / 3300ft	
De-rating factor for use at altitudes above 1000m sea level according (IEC 62040-3)		(meter / feet) above sea level 1500 / 4850 2000 / 6600	De-Rating Factor for Power 0.95 0.91
		2500 / 8250 3000 / 9900	0.86 0.82
Relative Air-humidity		Max. 95% (non-condensir	ng)
UPS Positioning		See chapter 10.11	
Input and Output Power Cabling		From the bottom on the fr	ont
Efficiency AC-AC up to (at cosphi 1.0) (tolerance +/- 0.5% applies on all figures)	%		75 % 50% 25% 5.5% 95% 94.5%
Efficiency with Linear Load at cosphi =0.8 ind Efficiency Non-linear Load (IEC/EN 6240-3)		Typically up to 1 % higher Typically up to 1 % lower	
Eco-Mode efficiency at 100% load	%	98 %	

# 10.7 STANDARDS

Safety	EN 62040-1-1, EN 60950-1
Electromagnetic Compatibility	EN 61000-6-4 Prod.standard: EN 62040-2 EN 61000-6-2 Prod.standard: EN 62040-2 EN 61000-4-2, EN 61000-4-3 - EN 61000-4-4 - EN 61000-4-5 - EN 61000-4-6
EMC Classification, Emission Class	C3
Immunity Class	C3
Performance	IEC/EN 62040-3
Product certification	CE
Degree of protection	IP 20

#### **10.8 COMMUNICATION**

Power Management Display (PMD)	1 LCD display for each module
RJ45 Plug (Not used)	RJ45 Plug (for future options)
Customer Interfaces : Outputs DRY PORT X 2	5 voltage free contacts For remote signaling and automatic computer shutdown
Customer Interfaces : Inputs DRY PORT X1	<ul> <li>1 x Remote Shut down [EMERGENCY OFF (Normally closed)]</li> <li>2 x Programmable Customer's Inputs (1<sup>st</sup> default as GEN-ON (Normally open))</li> <li>(2<sup>nd</sup> free Programmable Customer's Inputs (Normally open))</li> <li>1 x Temp. Sensor for Battery Control</li> <li>1 x 12 Vdc output (max. 200mA)</li> </ul>
Serial ports RS232 on Sub-D9	1 x system frame For monitoring and integration in network management
USB	1x For monitoring and software management
Slot for SNMP	SNMP card (optional) For monitoring and integration in network management

#### 10.8.1 POWER MANAGEMENT DISPLAY (PMD)

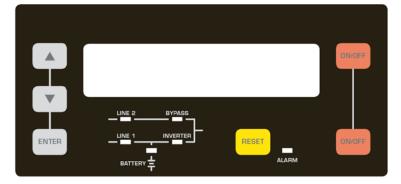
The user-friendly PMD consists of three parts the MIMIC DIAGRAM, CONTROL KEYS and LCD that provides the necessary monitoring information about the UPS.

#### 10.8.2 MIMIC DIAGRAM

The mimic diagram serves to give the general status of the UPS. The LED-indicators show the power flow status and in the event of mains failure or load transfer from inverter to bypass and vice-versa the corresponding LED-indicators will change color from green (normal) to red (warning). The LED's LINE 1 (rectifier) and LINE 2 (bypass) indicate the availability of the mains power supply. The LED's INVERTER and BYPASS if green indicate which of the two are supplying power to the critical load. When the LED-indicator BATTERY is lit it means that the battery due to mains failure is supplying the load. The LED-indicator ALARM is a visual indication of any internal or external alarm condition. At the same time the audible alarm will be activated.

#### 10.8.3 DISPLAY

The 2 x 20 character LCD simplifies the communication with the UPS. The menu driven LCD enables the access to the EVENT REGISTER, or to monitor the input and output U, I, f, P, Autonomy Time and other Measurement's, to perform commands like start-up and shut-down of INVERTER or load transfer from INVERTER to BYPASS and vice-versa and finally it serves for the DIAGNOSIS (SERVICE MODE) for adjustments and testing (for more details see the USER MANUAL of DPA UPScale<sup>TM</sup>).



Power Management Display (PMD) of DPA UPScale™

#### 10.8.4 CUSTOMER INTERFACES Terminals X1...X2

### 10.8.5 CUSTOMER INPUTS DRY PORT s: Terminal block X2

Connection of Remote Shut down facilities, Generator Operation, Customers specials (see UM Section 9 / OPTIONS)

### 10.8.6 CUSTOMER OUTPUTS DRY PORTs : Terminal blocks X1

Provision of signals for the automatic and orderly shutdown of servers, AS400 or Automation building systems

All voltage free contacts are rated 60 VAC max. and 500 mA max.: All the interfaces are connected to Phoenix Spring terminals with wires : 0.5 mm2

Block	Terminal	Contact	Signal	On Display	Function
	X2 / 1	NO		MAINS_OK	Mains Present
	X2 / 2		ALARM		Mains Failure
	X2/3	с •			Common
	X2 / 4	NO		LOAD_ON_INV	Load on Inverter
	X2 / 5	NC •	Message		(Load on Mains bypass)
	X2 / 6	с			Common
	X2 / 7	NO		BATT_LOW	Battery Low
X2	X2 / 8	NC	ALARM		Battery OK
	X2 / 9	с			Common
	X2 / 10	NO •		LOAD_ON_MAINS	Load on bypass (Mains)
	X2 / 11	NC •	Message		(Load on Inverter)
	X2 / 12	c •			Common
	X2 / 13	NO		COMMON_ALARM	Common Alarm (System)
	X2 / 14	NC	ALARM		NO Alarm Condition
	X2 / 15	с			Common
	X1 / 1		+ 12Vdc		Generator Operation
	X1 / 2	GND	GND		(NC = Generator ON)
	X1 / 3	▲ IN	+ 12Vdc		Customer IN 1
	X1 / 4	GND	GND		(Function on request, to be defined)
	X1 / 5	IN	+ 3.3Vdc		Temperature Battery
X1	X1 / 6	GND	GND		(If connected , the battery charger current if depending of the battery temp.)
	X1 / 7	<	+ 12Vdc		Remote Shut down
	X1 / 8	GND	GND		(Do not remove the factory mounted bridge until external Remote Shut down is connected)
	X1 / 9		+ 12Vdc		12 Vdc sourse
	X1 / 10	GND	GND		(max. 200 mA load)

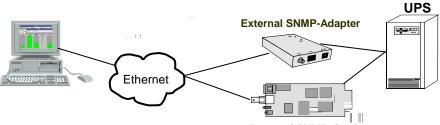
Phoenix Spring Terminals (X1...X2) Connection

### 10.9 OPTIONS

- SNMP card + WaveMon Management Software
- External Battery Cabinets
- Backfeed protection
- Temp. sensor for battery temp. control

### 10.9.1 SNMP card / WaveMon Management Software

The Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is a worldwide-standardized communication-protocol. It is used to monitor any device in the network via simple control language. The UPS-Management Software WaveMon also provides its data in this SNMP format with its internal software agent. The operating system you are using must support the SNMP protocol. We offer our WaveMon software with SNMP functionality for Novell, OS/2, all Windows running on INTEL and ALPHA, DEC VMS, Apple. Two types of SNMP interfaces with identical functionality are available: an external SNMP-Adapter (Box) and an internal SNMP-Card. Both can manage a parallel system (N modules) and return either global values - which are consistent for the <u>whole</u> parallel system - or specific values from the single modules.



### 10.9.2 BATTERY CABINETS

Internal SNMP-Card

S-type = For Separate. Battery C-type = For Common. Battery	unit	CBAT-UPScale-120 S-type or C-type	CBAT-UPScale-200 S-type or C-type
BATTERY FRAMES			
Configuration accommodates:	Max.	120 Batt. block x 24Ah/28Ah on 8 shelf 3x5=15 blocks/shelf	200 Batt. blocks x 24Ah/28Ah on 7 shelf 6x5=30 blocks/shelf
Battery fuses / Max. Batt. Strings : Terminals :	S-type	9 / 3 (Terminal 9 x 16/25mm2)	15 / 5 (Terminal 15 x 16/25mm2)
Battery fuses / Max. Batt. Strings Terminals :	C-type	9 / 3 + Com. Connection Bar 3 x (2xM8) +PE 2xM8	15 / 5 + Com. Connection Bar 3 x (2xM10) +PE 2xM10
Fuse Type (Very Fast acting)	А	3x100 A	5x100A
Dimensions (WxHxD)	mm	730x1975x800	1200x1975x800
Weight with trays and w/o batteries	kg	290	410
Possible Battery configurations within the Battery Cabinets		Battery Configurations (1x40)x28Ah / (2x40)x28Ah / (3x40)x28Ah / (2x50)x28Ah	Battery Configurations (1x40)x28Ah / (2x40)x28Ah / (3x40)x28Ah / (4x40)x28Ah / (5x40)x28Ah / (2x50x28Ah) / (4x50)x28Ah

# **10.10 BATTERY AUTONOMIES**

### 10.10.1 Examples of Internal Battery Autonomy of DPA UPScale ST40 and ST 60

Module Type		UPScale M 10		UPScale M 20 Module need at least 48 blocks for full power or minimum 40 blocks for 16kW		
nternal Separate B	attery configuration	Battery Autonomy in (min.) per Module				
Frame Type	Separate Battery / Module	8kW	10kW	12kW	16kW	20KW
UPScale ST 40 max. 80 blocks up to 2 modules	(1x40)x7Ah / Module	8	6	5		
UPScale ST 40 max. 80 blocks 1 modules ONLY	(1x50)x7Ah / Module	11	8.	7	4	
UPScale ST 60 max. 240 blocks up to 3 modules	(1x40)x7Ah / Module	8	6	5		
UPScale ST 60 max. 240 blocks up to 3 modules	(2x40)x7Ah / Module	21	15	12	8	5

Internal Common B	attery configuration		Battery Auto	onomy in (min.) fo	or Tot. System Pow	er	
With 1 Module	Module Type	1 x UPScale M 10			1 x UPScale M 20		
with i wodule	Total System Power	8kW	10kW	12kW	16kW	20KW	
UPScale ST 40 or UPScale ST 60	1x (2x40)x7Ah	21	15	12	8	5	
UPScale ST 60	2x (1x50)x7Ah	28	21	16	11	8	
UPScale ST 60	3x (1x40)x7Ah	35	26	21	14	5	
UPScale ST 60	3x (1x50)x7Ah	47	35	28	19	14	
UPScale ST 60	4x (1x50)x7 Ah	69	52	41	28	21	
UPScale ST 60	3x (2x40)x7Ah	88	66	52	35	5	
With Q. Madulas	Module Type	2 x UPS	cale M 10	2 x UPScale M 20			
With 2 Modules	Total System Power	16kW	20kW	24kW	32KW	40kW	
UPScale ST 40 or UPScale ST 60	1x (2x40)x7Ah	8	6	5			
UPScale ST 60	2x (1x50)x7Ah	11	8	7	4		
UPScale ST 60	3x (1x40)x7Ah	14	11	8	6	5	
UPScale ST 60	3x (1x50)x7Ah	19	14	11	8	6	
UPScale ST 60	4x (1x50)x7 Ah	28	21	16	11	8	
UPScale ST 60	3x (2x40)x7Ah	35	26	21	14	5	
With 3 Modules	Module Type	3 x UPS	cale M 10		3 x UPScale M 20	)	
with 5 modules	Total System Power	24kW	30KW	36kW	48KW	60kW	
UPScale ST 60	2x (1x50)x7Ah	7	5	4			
UPScale ST 60	3x (1x40)x7Ah	8	6	5			
UPScale ST 60	2x (2x40)x7Ah	12	9	7	5	4	
UPScale ST 60	4x (1x50)x7 Ah	16	12	10	7	5	
UPScale ST 60	3x (2x40)x7Ah	21	15	12	8	5	

# 10.10.2 Examples of External Battery Autonomy

#### This configuration are mostly used in combination with the frame UPScale ST 80 or ST 120 or ST 200.

Module Type		UPScale M 10 UPScale M 20				
External Separate Battery c ST 80 or ST 120	onfiguration		Battery Autonomy	/ in (min.) per Modu	le	
Bottom Cohinet	Battery / Module	1x UPS	cale M 10	1 x UPS	Scale M 20	
Battery Cabinet	Total System Power	8kW 10kW		16kW	20kW	
1x CBATUPScale -120S	1x40x28Ah	54	41	22	not allowed	
1x CBATUPScale -120S	1x50x28Ah	72	54	30	22	
External Separate Battery c ST 200	onfiguration		Battery Autonomy	/ in (min.) per Modu	le	
Pottom/ Cabinat	Battery / Module	2x UPS	cale M 10	2 x UPScale M 20		
Battery Cabinet	Total System Power	16kW	20kW	32kW	40kW	
1x CBATUPScale -200S	(1x40)x28Ah	20	15	8	not allowed	
1x CBATUPScale -200S	(1x50)x28Ah	27	20	9	6	

Extenal Common Battery configuration (with 40bl./string)		Battery Autonomy in (min.) for Tot. System Power (3+1)			
With 3 Modules	Module Type	3 x UPScale M 10	3 x UPScale M 20		
with 5 modules	Total System Power	30 KW	48KW		
1x CBAT-UPScale-120C	(2x40)x28Ah	24	13		
1x CBAT-UPScale-120C	(3x40)x28Ah	41	22		
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(4x40)x28Ah	59	32		
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(5x40)x28Ah	78	43		
External Common Battery ( 50bl./string)	configuration (with	Battery Autonomy in (min	.) for Tot. System Power (3+1)		
With 3 Modules	Total System Power	30 KW	60 KW		
1x CBAT-UPScale-120C	(1x50)x28Ah	13	5		
1x CBAT-UPScale-120C	(2x50)x28Ah	32	13		
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(3x50)x28Ah	54	22		
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(4x50)x28Ah	78	32		

External Common Battery of 40bl./string)	configuration (with	Battery Autonomy in (min.) for Tot. System Power (5+1)				
Module Type		5 x UPScale M 10	5 x UPScale M 20			
With 5 Modules	Total System Power	50 KW	80KW			
1x CBAT-UPScale-120C	(2x40)x28Ah	13	7			
1x CBAT-UPScale-120C	(3x40)x28Ah	21	12			
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(4x40)x28Ah	31	17			
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(5x40)x28Ah	41	22			
External Common Battery o 50bl./string)	configuration (with	Battery Autonomy in (min.)	) for Tot. System Power (5+1)			
With 5 Modules	Total System Power	50 KW	100 KW			
1x CBAT-UPScale-120C	(1x50)x28Ah	7				
1x CBAT-UPScale-120C	(2x50)x28Ah	17	7			
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(3x50)x28Ah	28	12			
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(4x50)x28Ah	41	17			

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External Common Battery o 40bl./string)	configuration (with	Battery Autonomy in (min.) for Tot. System Power (7+1)					
With 7 Medules	Module Type	5 x UPScale M 10	5 x UPScale M 20				
With 7 Modules	Total System Power	60 KW	120KW				
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(4x40)x28Ah	23	10				
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(5x40)x28Ah	31	14				
External Common Battery o 50bl./string)	configuration (with	Battery Autonomy in (min.)	for Tot. System Power (7+1)				
With 7 Modules	Total System Power	60 KW	120 KW				
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(3x50x28Ah	23	10				
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(4x50)x28Ah	31	14				

External Common Battery ( 40bl./string)	configuration (with	Battery Autonomy in (min.) for Tot. System Powe			
With O. Madulaa	Module Type	5 x UPScale M 10	5 x UPScale M 20		
With 9 Modules	Total System Power	90 KW	180KW		
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(4x40)x28Ah	13 5			
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(5x40)x28Ah	17	7		
External Common Battery ( 50bl./string)	configuration (with	Battery Autonomy in (min.)	for Tot. System Power (9+1)		
With 9 Modules	Total System Power	90 KW	180 KW		
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(3x50x28Ah	12	5		
1x CBAT-UPScale-200C	(4x50)x28Ah	17	7		

### **10.11 INSTALLATION PLANNING – UPS POSITIONING**

Clearances needed to allow proper airflow on the UPS system and to allow door opening.

Minimum clearances for single UPS								
UPS Model	A₁ (mm)	B₁ (mm)	C (°)	D (mm)				
ST 40, ST 60, ST 80, ST 120	200	1000	115°	400				
ST 200	300							

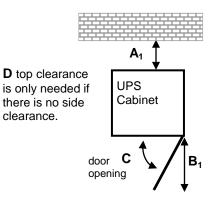


Figure 1: top view and indication of the minimum

clearances for single UPS.

Minimum clearances for UPS + other cabinets in row B<sub>2</sub> С D A<sub>2</sub> **UPS Model** (mm) (°) (mm) (mm) ST 40, ST 60, 300 1000 ST 80, ST 120 115° 400 ST 200 300 1000

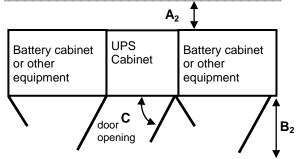


Figure 2: top view and indication of the minimum clearances for UPS + other cabinets in row .

The model ST 200 has fuses at the rear side of the cabinet. To guarantee access to those fuses and proper operating space up to 1000mm clearance may be needed when having UPS and other cabinets in row.

UPS Frame type (40kW up to 200 kW)	ST 40	ST 60	ST 80	ST 120	ST 200			
Dimensions (WxHxD) mm	550x1135x770 550x1975x770		550x1135x770	550x1975x770	550x1975x770			
External Battery Cabinet	CBAT UPScale-1	20C		CBAT UPScale-200S				
Туре	CBAT UPScale-1	20S	CBAT UPScale-200C					
Dimensions (WxHxD) mm	730x1975x800		1200x1975x800					
Accessibility	Totally front acce	Totally front accessibility for service and maintenance						
Positioning	see chapter 10.17	1						
Input and Output Cabling	From the bottom	From the bottom on the front						

### 10.11.1 HEAT DISSIPATION PER MODULE WITH NON-LINEAR LOAD

Module Range		UPScale M 10 or M 20			
Module Type		UPScale M 10	UPScale M 20		
Heat Dissipation with 100% Non-linear Load per Module (EN 62040-1-1)	w	550	1100		
Heat Dissipation with 100% Non-linear Load per Module (EN 62040-1-1)		1887	3754		
Airflow (25° - 30°C) with Non-linear Load per Module (EN 62040-1-1)	m³/h	150	150		
Dissipation at no load	W	120	150		

### 10.12 WIRING AND BLOCK DIAGRAMS FOR ALL FRAMES AND MODULES

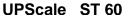
The customer has to supply the wiring to connect the UPS to the local power source. The installation inspection and initial start-up of the UPS and extra battery cabinet must be carried out by a qualified service personnel such as a licensed service engineer from the manufacturer or from an agent authorized by the manufacturer. More details and procedure are mentioned in the user manual.

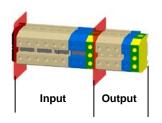
#### **10.12.1 TERMINAL CONNECTIONS OVERVIEW**

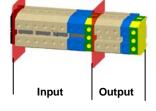
FRAME TYPE (T) Compression type Terminals (B) Bolted Terminals	(T) Compression type Terminals		arate. Battery (+ / N / - ) Common Battery (+ / N / - )		Input Rectifier 3+N+PE	Output load 3+N+PE
UPScale ST 40	n.a	n.a	n.a	4 x 16/25 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)	5 x 16/25 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)	5 x 16/25 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)
UPScale ST 60	PScale ST 60 n.a		n.a	4 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)	4 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup> (T) +PE 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)	4 x 35 mm <sup>2</sup> (T) +PE 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)
UPScale ST 80	50 mm² (T)	4x (3 x 10/16mm²) (T)	3 x M6 (B)	3 x 50 mm² (T) + N 70/95 mm² (T)	3 x 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T) + N 70/95 mm <sup>2</sup> (T) +PE 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)	3 x 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T) + N 70/95 mm <sup>2</sup> (T) +PE 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)
<b>UPScale ST 120</b> 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)		6x (3 x 10/16mm²) (T)	3 x 2xM5 (B) or 3 x M10 (B)	4 x 70/95mm <sup>2</sup> (T)	4 x 70/95mm <sup>2</sup> (T) +PE 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)	4 x 70/95mm <sup>2</sup> (T) +PE 50 mm <sup>2</sup> (T)
UPScale ST 200	1xM10 (B)	5x (3 x 35mm2) (T) 2 modules have common Battery	2 x (3 x M10) (B)	3 x M12 (B) +PE 1 x M12	4 x M12 (B) +PE 1 x M12	4 x M12 (B) +PE 1 x M12

n.a = not allowed

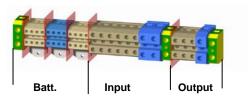
# UPScale ST 40



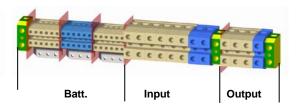




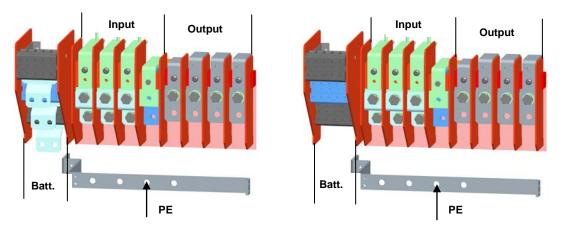
## UPScale ST 80



UPScale ST 120



# UPScale ST 200

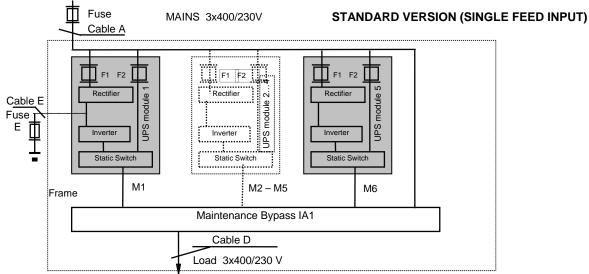


**Common Battery** 

Separate battery (for two modules coupled)

### **10.12.2 SINGLE FEED INPUT**

Cable Sections and Fuse Ratings recommended. Alternatively, local standards to be respected



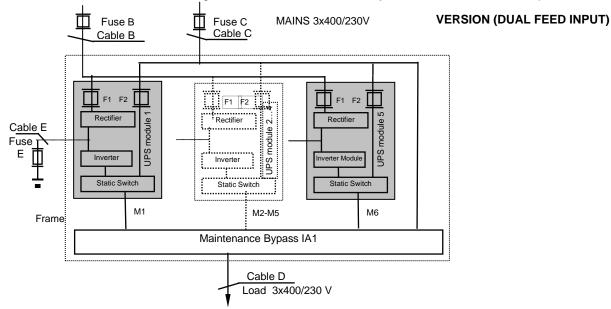


		Innut 3¥400V/230V			Output 3x400 @ cosphi 1.0		Battery			
	Load in kW	Fuse A (Agl/CB)	Cable A (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Max. Input Current with battery charging [A]	Cable D (mm <sup>2</sup> )	l nom [A]	Fuse E + / N / -	for CBAT U 200	E (mm <sup>2</sup> ) PScale 120 or ONLY N / -	
		(IEC 60950-1) cha		charging [A]	(IEC 60950-1)		(Agl/CB)	Com. Battery	Sep. Battery	
UPScale ST 40	40	3x80A	5x16	68 A	5x16	58 A	n.a	n.a	n.a	
UPScale ST 60	60	3x125A	5x35	102 A	5x35	87 A	n.a	n.a	n.a	
UPScale ST 80	80	3x160A	5x50	136 A	5x50	116 A	3x224A*1	3x95 *1	4x (3x10)	
UPScale ST 120	120	3x224A	4x95+1x50 (PE)	208 A	5x70	174 A	3x300A*1	3x150 *1	6x (3x10)	
UPScale ST 200	200	3 x 350 A	5 x 185	333 A	5 x 185	290 A	3 x 450 *1	3 x (2 x 95)*1	5 x (3x25)	

n.a = not allowed

\*1 only valid for common battery use

### 10.12.4 DUAL FEED INPUT



#### Cable Sections and Fuse Ratings recommended. Alternatively, local standards to be respected

### 10.12.5 Dual FEED INPUT / Cable Sections

Frame type	Load in kW					Input 3x4(	00V/230V		Bypass 3x400V/230	v	Output 3x400V/23 @ cosphi		Battery		
			Fuse B (Agl/CB)	Cable B (mm <sup>2</sup> ) (IEC 60950-1)	Max. Input Current with	Fuse C (Agl/CB)	Cable C (mm <sup>2</sup> ) (IEC	Cable D (mm <sup>2</sup> ) (IEC	l nom [A]	Fuse E +/N/-	Cable E for CBAT UF or 200 ( + / N	Scale 120 ONLY			
				(, (g., CD)	( ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	battery charging [A]	, ,	60950-1)	60950-1)	L 1	(Agl/CB)	Com. Battery	Sep. Battery		
UPScale ST 40	40	3x80A	5x16	68 A	3x80A	4x16	5x16	58 A	n.a	n.a	n.a				
UPScale ST 60	60	3x125A	5x35	102 A	3x125A	4x35	5x35	87 A	n.a	n.a	n.a				
UPScale ST 80	80	3x160A	5x50	136 A	3x160A	4x50	5x50	116 A	3x224A*1	3x95 *1	4x (3x10)				
UPScale ST 120	120	3x224A	4x95+1x50 (PE)	208 A	3x224A	4x95	5x70	174 A	3x300A*1	3x150 *1	6x (3x10)				
UPScale ST 200	200	3 x 350 A	5 x 185	333 A	3 x 350 A	4 x 185	5 x 185	290 A	3 x 450 *1	3 x (2 x 95)*1	5 x (3x25)				

n.a = not allowed

\*1 only valid for common battery use